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TERMS OF THE DAILY.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 59½f.

U. S. Bonds at Frankfort, 87¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 131½@131⅝.

PENNSYLVANIA—FULL VOTE.

The following table gives the official returns by counties of the recent election in Pennsylvania:

COUNTIES.	Governor. Geary.	Governor. Packer.	S. Judge. Williams.	S. Judge. Strong.	S. Judge. Woodward.	S. Judge. Lowrie.	S. Judge. Read.
Adams	2627	3009	2642	2984			997
Allegheny	17858	15301	19040	12447	4337		
Armstrong	3106	2402	3176	2477	3607		
Beaver	3098	2402	3076	2201	604		
Bedford	2465	3000	2477	2980			34
Berks	6971	13531	7041	13430			6560
Blair	3284	4713	3485	4266	711		
Bradford	4165	5766	4230	5763	2307		
Bucks	6755	7061	6560	6993			456
Butler	3250	3304	3231	3005	256		
Cambria	1256	2094	1231	2030			848
Cameron	144	428	147	425	51		
Carbon	1102	2627	1107	2597			962
Centre	3102	3464	3095	3454	1230		
Chester	8220	8146	8241	8134			2984
Clarion	2430	2446	2430	2446			
Clearfield	1790	3015	1747	2962			1216
Clinton	1454	2059	1442	2000			1216
Columbia	1945	2766	1942	2760			972
Crawford	6167	4865	6072	4793	1242		
Cumberland	3403	3923	3373	3911			894
Dauphin	4699	4438	4704	4370	1372		
Delaware	3551	3295	3546	3294	1247		463
Elk	477	1033	477	1033			
Erie	6428	4335	6426	4299	2199		
Fayette	3135	3203	3131	3174			838
Forest	265	236	274	232	72		
Franklin	4008	4005	3977	3974			998
Fulton	1000	1000	1000	1000			1000
Greene	1342	2462	1327	2391			1459
Huntington	2435	3013	2437	2981	457		
Indiana	2077	2370	2076	2346	1033		
Jefferson	1187	2139	1187	2123			772
Juniata	1524	1457	1523	1439			328
Lancaster	12004	8475	12076	8304	2488		
Lawrence	2128	2174	2134	2153	1031		
Lebanon	4677	2966	4646	2943			
Lehigh	4955	6135	4864	6077	1078		
Luzerne	6966	7138	6979	7125	1673		
Lycoming	4053	4587	4068	4467			534
McKean	1000	1000	1000	1000			
Mercer	4529	3758	4514	3761	744		
Mifflin	1866	2102	1850	2101			62
Monroe	1085	1662	1071	1658			2030
Montgomery	7363	8447	7376	8424			1084
Montour	1066	1550	1059	1562			488
Northampton	3555	4109	3564	4105			83.18
Northumberland	3495	4060	3458	4069			365
Perry	2030	2230	2019	2219			31
Philadelphia	81202	46862	81859	46486			4630
Pike	1104	291	1045	291			739
Potter	1594	1313	1594	1313			628
Schuylkill	7902	8901	7728	9027			999
Snyder	1240	1700	1240	1700			404
Somerset	2340	1760	2308	1805			1240
Sullivan	464	702	463	704			253
Susquehanna	4064	2762	4029	2744			1082
Tioga	4193	1825	4121	1812			2716
Union	2230	1971	1791	2117			367
Venango	3367	3241	3319	3172			208
Warren	2430	1679	2404	1648			751
Washington	3744	3870	3774	3837			
Wayne	2275	2715	2265	2648			440
Westmoreland	4961	4703	4974	4678			1040
Wyoming	1462	1373	1454	1364			320
York	5450	5826	5661	4915			1781
Total	290062	280936	291366	282878			
	289126		282878				
Majorities	936		8491				

The following shows the votes of the two parties in the state at the different elections for governor:

	Rep.	Dem.	Total.
1858—Governor	262,274	230,168	497,270
1857—Supreme Judge	178,871	171,749	350,620
1863—Auditor-General	151,494	251,739	403,233
1863—President	342,280	312,391	655,602
1865—Governor	296,391	276,316	572,707
1869—Supreme Judge	291,278	282,575	573,853

Cuban Patriots in New York.

We are perfectly willing to fight for Cuban freedom if the Cubans will only all go there and live after it is achieved for them. But we are sincerely tired of hearing the blatant din of these piping freedom-shriekers from the sweet security of their lairs in by-lanes and back alleys. If they would only screw on muskets and go gunning after Spaniards in this city, we might work up a little respect for their courage while deprecating assassination. But they only assassinate their allies, as they did the two unfortunate Dominicans who came from a sister isle to aid with their experienced valor the cause of the Cuban patriots. In the face of this and similar incidents, our sympathetic feelings are harried by the most frightful stories of Spanish cruelty and cowardice toward the insurgents. Yet, only a month since, orders were received from the home government by the Captain General, to be especially careful and considerate in his treatment of Cuban prisoners, that no stain of unnecessary bloodshed might attach to the skirts of the Cortes and its generals. Such was the tenor of the dispatch, as we remember it, and it is reported to have been at the solicitation of General Prim.

If there are enough Cubans in this city to form a full regiment, if they will consent to tear themselves from the fascinations of fancy balls, French ballet girls, and New York barber shops, we will donate them a regimental standard, bearing upon its folds the cigarette rampant and a bunch of bananas in the background. They may thus go into battle under the cherished emblems of their darling vice and their favorite fruit, which seems to be about the only inspirations their minds are capable of receiving.—*New York Spirit of the Times.*

Greenwich Hospital.

Greenwich Hospital, England, has ceased to be the national rendezvous for the worn-out and disabled seamen of the British Navy. In the future, the pensioners will receive a periodical sum of money, and be allowed to reside where they please. Greenwich Hospital it is stated, has long since ceased to be an asylum for sailors, and the Board of Governors, with salaries of $25,000 each, is composed of political favorites. While the wounded and disabled sailors were obliged to remain satisfied with a miserable starvation allowance, the dispensers of the bounty were living in luxury. This unjust system of management has brought Greenwich Hospital into disrepute, and the forced seperation of the inmates from their families and the scanty diet has reduced the number of pensioners. In 1848 there were eleven hundred vacancies in the hospital, and about the same number of disabled seamen were receiving parish relief in all parts of England. Within the last twenty years, the number of pensioners in the hospital has been still more reduced, and at present there are only thirty-one inmates, nearly all bed-ridden, and the rest without any known relatives. These are to be accommodated in a detached establishment, and the main buildings are to be devoted as offices for the Board of Admiralty. By this plan at least $500,000 per annum will be saved and appropriated for out-pensions. Greenwich Hospital was founded in 1694 by William and Mary, in memory of the naval victroy off Cape La Hogue. The original endowment to $750,000 a year, and was to be used for the relief of seamen, their wives, widows and children.

MR. BONNER has offered a tempting prize to the owners of fast horseflesh, and, as a matter of course, any number of people are after the one hundred thousand dollars. But one, however, can secure the prize, and who the lucky one will be is beyond our power to even guess. The conditions under which a horse may trot are plain, and Mr. Bonner is not in the least particular whether or not he is sound in wind and limb; all he asks is that he shall have the necessary speed. To a gentleman who wrote to Mr. B. as to whether soundness or age was considered in the conditions of the $100,000 premium, the owner of Dexter replied:

"I have no conditions of the kind to interpose. I throw the door wide open. Of course I should prefer a young and sound horse like Dexter, but I shall not make it a barrier against any horse undertaking to perform the feat, whether he be young or old, sound or unsound, lame, or free from lameness; whether he have one spavin or two, three ringbones or four; be blind of one eye or both, broken-winded or foundered, so long as he performs the feat of starting as Dexter started from my stable in Twenty-seventh street, near Sixth avenue, at one o'clock P. M., and trotting during the same afternoon on Prospect Park, as Dexter trotted, a mile in 2:21¾, to a road wagon and driver weighing 318 pounds. There must be no running or jumping—every inch of the mile must be trotted as Dexter trotted it, without a single skip or jump; and I must have the privilege of witnessing and timing the trial, and taking one or two friends with me. The owner of the horse can also have one or two friends present; but, under no circumstances, will I be concerned, directly or indirectly, in a public or advertised trial, where money is received at the entrance-gate, or opportunity is given for betting.

MAINE PEOPLE are talking about raising money for a statue of William Pitt Fessenden, its late distinguished Senator. No statue of a public man has ever been erected in the State, and it has but a single monument, that to the memory of the late Governor King, in front of the capitol at Augusta.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1869. NUMBER 246.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Property of the Orleanists to be Restored—General Rising in the City of Paris Feared—Duel Between a Count and Duke—The Press of Spain Cry "Give Us a King"—Espartes the Coming Man, With the Duke of Genoa as Successor—Insurrection in Dalmatia Suppressed—London "Standard" on the Detention of the Hornet.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FRANCE.

PARIS, October 22.—It is asserted that a number of deputies propose to introduce a law at the next session of the Corps Legislatif to annul the decree of 1852, confiscating the property of the Orleans Princes.

The *Patrie* reports that the ultra radicals are visiting the workshops and urging the men to take part in the demonstration of the 26th inst.

The *Presse* says the Revolutionary Committee of Paris, have warned the workingmen in the province, that on the 25th inst there will be a general uprising in honor of Rochefort. The Radical journals do not approve of the proposed demonstration.

It is rumored that Lleudra Rolin, Felix Piat, Victor Hugo, Louis Blanc, and other extreme Radicals will come forward as candidates for the Corps Legislatif in the supplementary elections soon to be held in Paris.

A duel was fought to-day between Count De Beaumont and Duke Dé Fitz James. The latter is dangerously wounded.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, October 22.—The *Standard* referring to the action of the United States in preventing the departure of the filibustering expeditions for Cuba, argues that however excellent the conduct of the Americans may be in detaining the steamer Hornet, it cannot be an example of the future, as it will be a cause of reproach of the past. The whole basis on which the case of the Alabama rests, is that she was not such a vessel as the Hornet. We could not have proceeded against her as the Americans have against the Cuba.

SPAIN.

MADRID, October 22.—The Press strongly urge the immediate election of a King, and suggests as the choice of Espartes to the throne for life, and the designation of the Duke Genoa as his successor.

In the Cortes the question of ordering an election for deputies took place between the insurgents and Spanish troops in the Cuetro Villas district, during which six insurgents were killed. In the Sierra Nuevas district a small engagement took place between the Spaniards and Cubans, during which the Cubans lost seven killed.

AUSTRIA.

TRIESTE, October 22.—The insurrection at Cataro, in Dalmatia, has been suppressed, but not without bloodshed. A conflict took place on the arrival of the troops, the insurgents making a desperate resistance, but they were completely defeated. Order is now completely restored.

MARINE NEWS.

PLYMOUTH, England, October 22.—The steamer Hammonia, from New York, arrived to-day.

FALMOUTH, October 22.—The ship Athlete from New York, was abandoned at sea. All hands saved and landed here to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, October 22.—Consols, 93½; American securities: Five-twenty bonds, '62s, 81¾; '65s, 81¼; '67s, 85¾. Ten-Forties, 76¼. Erie, 20¾; Illinois, 96. Atlantic and Great Western, 25¾. Stocks quiet.

PARIS, October 22.—Bourse firm; 71f 42c.

LIVERPOOL, October 22.—Cotton: sales for the week, 92,000 bales, of which 17,000 were exported and 12,000 on speculation. The stock is estimated at 434,000 bales, of which 86,000 are American. The receipts for the week were 71,000 bales, of which 8,000 were American. Quantity afloat, 348,000 bales; of which 33,000 is American. Market to-day dull; middling uplands, 12¼; New Orleans, 12¾; with sales of 10,000 bales. Manchester market dull. Breadstuffs dull. Receipts of wheat for 3 days, 55,000 quarters, of which 40,000 were American. California white wheat, 10s 7d; red western No. 2, 9s 4d; winter, 9s 7d. Wool: Hour, 24s. Corn, nil. Oats, 3s 6d. Barley, 3s 6d. Peas 44s 6d. Pork, 110s. Beef, 86s. Lard, 71s. Cheese, 67s 6d. Bacon, 65s 6d. Refined Petroleum, 1s 8d. Tallow 47s. Turpentine 27s. Linseed cakes, £10 12s.

LONDON, October 22.—Tallow, 47s@47s 3d. Sperm oil, 92s. Sugar, 39s 9d. Calcutta Linseed, 61s 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp quiet at 59½f.

FRANKFORT, October 22.—Bonds active and firm at 87¾.

HAVRE, October 22.—Cotton flat at 148f. on spot and 137½f. afloat.

PHILADELPHIA

The Brooks' Case—An Absent Witness—National, State and City Authorities in Search of the Delinquent.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, October 23.—High Constable Clark has been removed by Mayor Fox. He has been connected with the police fifteen years.

The Brooks' case was resumed this morning. Mr. Brooks testified to the fact of the assault. He recognized Morrow as being in Keenan's store previous to the assault, and believed it his bounden duty to be the man he saw struggling to get into the carriage door when he reached it in pursuit of his assailants. On account of the disappearance of a witness for the prosecution, the Court adjourned till to-morrow.

Judge Ludlow invited the efforts of the United State authorities, the State and city officers to endeavor to find this witness, and said he would exhaust the power of the Court in the search, and if the witness was in New Jersey he would request the the Governor of that State to deliver him to the Court.

The Tobacco Stamp Counterfeiters—More Arrests—Parties Held in $10,000 Bail Each.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RICHMOND, October 22.—The case of parties charged with selling counterfeit tobacco revenue stamps promises to lead to important disclosures. Two more arrests have been made in connection with it, one of them being Charles Jackson, a tobacco manufacturer of Petersburg, who is charged with furnishing a genuine stamp to make the counterfeits by. Robert W. Roche and Frederick Bannache were before the United States Commissioner to-day, and held for trial. The U. S. District Attorney, in urging that heavy bail be required, said that this was part of a wealthy gang, the principals of which would take them out of jail if $20,000 had to be forfeited to do it. The Commissioner fixed the bail at $10,000 each, and Bandache gave it. The factory of Bannache was seized to-day for violation of the revenue laws. The other parties have been bailed to appear on Wednesday. The case excited much interest from the fact that all the parties are well known as former revenue officials here.

Daring and Successful Frauds.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, October 21.—Judge Abel to-day called the Grand Jury together and delivered his charge to them, urging them to stop, if possible, one of the most daring and successful frauds yet perpetrated upon the State Treasurer, and this accomplished by wholesale perjury, subornation of perjury, and it is believed by the complicity of officials. He alluded to the false, corrupt and fraudulent obtaining of warrants upon the State Treasurer by virtue of the act of General Assembly of 1868, for the relief of the veterans who served under Jackson in the battle of New Orleans.

—The delegates to the Conductors' Convention at Columbus Ohio arrived in Louisville at six o'clock last evening by a special train and attended the performance at the Opera House.

NEW YORK CITY.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

Railroad Consolidation—No Indictments Against Gold Speculators—General Butterfield Demands a Searching Investigation—Council Of Evangelical Churches—Evangelical Alliance—The Machinists' Strike Continues—Ten Inches of Snow at Leyden, N.Y.—A Cuban Stabs His Mistress and then Tries to Shoot Himself.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22, 1869.

Mr. Dunlevy, of Chicago, now in this city, is making public a statement that in sixty days the New York Central, the Hudson, Lake Shore, Northwestern, St. Paul and Rock Island roads will be one line of railway on a basis of eight per cent., not earnings. This consolidation line will lease perpetually the Harlem and Erie roads, the Erie at seven per cent. on one million dollars, and the Harlem at eight per cent. on fifteen million dollars. The Erie's guage will be narrowed at once to the guage of the other lines, her connections also. The Atlantic and Great Western and the Ohio and Mississippi and New York Central, will be put in this consolidation at $240, Hudson $200, Lake Shore at $125, Rock Island at $158, Northwestern at par and St. Paul at par.

Gold closed at 31½@31⅝.

The Congressional Committee to take testimony relative to the outrages on American citizens in Paraguay, commenced its session here to-day.

The Grand Jury this morning presented a batch of indictments to Judge Ingraham. The cases were of an ordinary character. No indictments against Corbin or any of the gold speculators have been returned.

The *Commercial* says: Gen. Butterfield, in a letter to Secretary Boutwell, indignantly denies the assertions regarding his association with the schemes of the gold ring; repudiates the idea that he has been in any way identified with it, and requests a full and searching official investigation.

The Council of the Evangelical Churches met again to-day. After much discussion, resolutions were adopted favoring a permanent Evangelical council, to meet yearly, to the end that an alliance of the Evangelical bodies can be consummated, and the dissemination of the teachings of the Gospel increased. Henry Ward Beecher made the principal address.

Prof. Schaff, of this city, returned this morning from Europe on the steamer Rhine, having finished his mission in behalf of the General Conference of the Evangelical Alliance, which is to be held here during autumn of next year. Dr. Schaff has received the promise of personal attendance and co-operation from the most distinguished divines of all denominations in Great Britain and the Continent.

The strike among the machinists on the Erie railroad continues.

Ten inches of snow are stated to have fallen at Leyden, Lewis county, yesterday.

This evening, at a house of ill fame in Crosby street, Henry Vosquex, a Cuban, stabbed his mistress, Josephine Woods, inflicting a dangerous wound, and then attempted to commit suicide by shooting himself. He was arrested. His wounds are not fatal.

The verdict of the Coroner's jury in the case of Hugh McMahon, killed last week on the New Jersey Railroad, at Waverly, censures Parker, conductor, for ordering deceased off one train while another train was passing, whereby he came to his death. The railroad company is also censured for permitting its agents to force passengers from a train on account of a dispute concerning fares.

TENNESSEE.

The United States Senatorship—Cooper Elected.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, October 22.—The opposition concentrated on Henry Cooper to-day, and he was elected Senator on the first ballot, as follows: Cooper, 56; Johnson, 51. Cooper is a gentleman of Radical views, and has been a consistent Union man all the time.

The election gives satisfaction to all but Johnson's most ardent friends. Probably a better selection could not have been made. Mr. Cooper is one of the ablest lawyers in Tennessee. He was was one of the Military Governors; Johnson's appointee to the Judiciary; was commended for his integrity as an officer by Governor Brownlow, in a message to the Legislature. He gave a decision in the Sherbrook-Redley case, now pending in the United States Supreme Court, that the franchise law is unconstitutional. On retiring from the bench, he became Professor in the Lebanon Law School.

Resolving that Johnson be removed to Nashville, and is now Senator from Davidson county. To show the estimation he is held in by all parties, it may be noted that all the Radicals, with one exception, voted for him. The election throws the last wheel of earth on reputiation in Tennessee.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Arizona advices of October 6th, state that Col. Carter, Secretary of the territory, is dead.

—The citizens of Rockbridge, Va., have voted four hundred thousand dollars as a county subscription to the Valley Railroad.

—Gov. Baldwin of Michigan has issued a proclamation appointing November the 18th the day of public thanksgiving.

—New tin deposits have been discovered on the Coast Range Mountains, in Las Angeles county, Washington Territory.

—The Police Commissioners of Buffalo, have been cited to appear before Governor Hoffman, to answer the charge of malfeasance.

—Returns from California are favorable to the Democrats. The election of Crockett and Wallace, Democrats, to the Supreme Bench, is now conceded.

—E. H. Eunlac, the well known temperance lecturer, was found dead in bed at Boston yesterday morning. It is supposed he died from an accidental overdose of opium.

—The big whisky case against Harris, Huston & Lane, Dayton, Ohio, distillers, went to the jury in the United States District Court, at Cincinnati, last evening. The jury adjourned till this morning.

—A Rock Island dispatch says the Rodman House, of that city, was totally destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The house and furniture was valved at $20,000. The house was insured for $5,000 and the furniture for $4,000.

—Thayer's Circus has "gone up." All the property is in the hands of the sheriff of Hamilton county, Ohio, attached by creditors, most of them employes of the company. Suits amounting to six thousand dollars are already entered, and more coming.

—An Omaha dispatch says: Col. Hammond, General Superintendent of the Union Pacific Railroad, has contracted for a freight line to Idaho, Montana and Utah. The new line will open offices in St. Louis, New York, Chicago and Omaha and other important points.

—The jury summoned to take evidence concerning the death of Mary Allaban's child, in Cincinnati, October 5th, rendered a verdict that the child died from inhuman treatment at the hands of its mother, and that her husband, Walter Callahan, was a party to the crime. Both are under arrest.

—The steamship Rhein, from Bremen, has arrived with Port au Prince dates of the 5th, which state that a fight occurred between the steamers Salvave and Petra, of the regular navy, and the rebel steamers Quaker City and Florida, resulting in the defeat of the latter two. The Salvave was badly damaged.

—The Grand Jury of the United States District Court, at Louisville, have indicted Captain H. D. Dexter, and First Engineer Rees, of the steamer Phantom, which exploded some weeks ago near Paducah, involving a serious loss of life. Captain Dexter gave bonds in the sum of $5,000 for his appearance at the next term of the Court.

—A Denver special says the Kansas Pacific party, including Cyrus W. Field and Mr. Meek, agricultural editor of the New York *Tribune*, arrived this morning, after inspecting the country between Sheridan and Denver, and over one thousand miles north of there, taken base of the Rocky Mountains, in reference to the extension of the Kansas and Pacific Railroad and future business.

—A Fort Benton, Montana, telegram notices the arrival of a party of miners from a point four hundred and twenty-five miles north of there, they having been forced to leave on account of the Blackfoot Indians, and the refusal of the British to sell them provisions. The party, consisting of nine men, subsisted ten days on grouse. The weather at Fort Benton is cold. The mercury yesterday was ten degrees below zero.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

THE CAPITAL.

An Exciting Scene in Court—Armed Mob in Florida—Gen. J. Bowman Supervisor of the Western District of Pennsylvania—Custom Receipts—Rumor Contradicted—The Virginia U. S. Senators Laboring Under Disabilities.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22, 1869.

EXCITING SCENE IN THE COURT ROOM.

There was a scene of much interest and alarm in the Supreme Court room this afternoon. Mr. Phillips had opened the argument in a case in which Thos. Ewing, Sr., had been counsel for twenty-five years, and was followed by Mr. Carlisle. Mr. Ewing had listened with more than usual attention to Mr. Phillips, and seemed to be much excited by that gentleman's argument, and Mr. Ewing, in reply to Mr. Phillips, spoke with more energy than he had displayed for years. After speaking twenty minutes, he complained of indisposition, and asked permission, which was promptly granted, to sit while continuing his arguments. He attempted to proceed with it, but fell from his chair unconscious. Court instantly adjourned. The officers of the Court and counsellors present hurried to his side, and the Judges soon approached with marked anxiety, to ascertain his condition. Cushions were quickly brought from the benches, of which a bed was made for him on the floor. In the course of fifteen minutes his consciousness returned, when he was removed to the room of the Clerk of Court. Physicians were summoned, who pronounced the ailment to be exhaustion of vigor of the heart. Two or three hours passed before that organ fully resumed its functions. Meantime the members of his family and other relatives were apprised of his critical condition, among them his two sons Thomas and Charles and his daughter and Gen. Sherman, his son in law. His physician, Dr. Miller, to night pronounced him in improved condition, and says it will recover. He still lies at the Capital. Judge Ewing will be eighty years of age next December.

PORTIONS OF FLORIDA RULED BY MOB LAW.

General Kryganowski, Supervisor of Georgia and Florida, reports under date of October 12th, that Jackson and Washington counties, in Florida, are under control of an armed mob, which has risen to prevent the execution of the revenue laws. The leader of this mob is one James P. Coker, who is represented to be a wealthy and influential man. He has collected about 1,200 men at Town of Marina, with personal violence, and has challenged him to fight, and that officer writes that the supervisor that he can only canvass his district at the hazard of his life. Assessor Wilson writes corroborating his assistant's statements. The Collector of Customs at Jacksonville, Fla., J. A. Dockey, writes to the Supervisor that the State Tax Collector and his wife were brutally murdered in Washington county, adjoining Jackson, and that there had been seven murders in Jackson county since the 3d inst; and the Deputy Collectors and Assistant Assessors of Internal Revenue are in imminent peril. The Supervisor has called for troops.

UNFOUNDED RUMOR CONTRADICTED.

It is not true, as recently published, that Minister Washburne has applied to the State Department for $15,000 in gold for contingent expenses. The facts are as obtained from an official source, that Minister Washburne, Minister Curtin, and Mr. Moran, First Secretary of the United States legation at London, recently severally applied to the Government to allow them each between $500 and $1,000 in gold for official uses. The records of the Fifth Auditor's office show that since Minister Washburne has been in France he has declined to receive certain allowances until he could legally satisfy himself that he was entitled to them.

SUPERVISORS APPOINTED.

Supervisor Smith, of the Western District of New York, and Supervisor Southworth, of the Western District of Pennsylvania, having resigned, Ex-Senator John O'Donnell, of New York, and Gen. J. B. Sweitzer, of Pittsburgh, have been nominated by Commissioner Delano to fill the vacancies.

LABORING UNDER DISABILITIES.

It is said to have been discovered that the newly elected Senators from Virginia are still laboring under disabilities imposed by the Fifteenth Amendment.

REPUBLICAN CLUB FORMED.

The citizens of Wisconsin resident in this city, formed a Republican club to-night.

CUSTOM RECEIPTS.

The Custom receipts last week were $3,682,933.

New Englanders Get a Shaking.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CONCORD, N. H., October 22.—A distinct shock of earthquake was felt here at half-past five this morning. It was also felt at White River, Littleton, and heavily at Wells River. Various other places report having experienced the shock.

PORTLAND, October 22.—An earthquake this morning was felt here. Reports received show it was felt as far east as St. John, and as far north as Kendallsville, and south as far as Paris.

BOSTON, October 22.—The earthquake this morning was felt very distinctly in Boston and vicinity.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A slight shock of earthquake lasting twenty seconds, was felt in this city at five this morning.

HARTFORD, CONN., October 22.—A shock of earthquake was distinctly felt about five o'clock this morning, it was also felt at Windsor and other parts of the State.

WORCESTER, Mass., October 22.—About five this morning a distinct shock of earthquake was experienced in this city. The shock lasted about three seconds, and the motion appeared to be from east to west. A movement of lesser violence follow, about two seconds intervening.

EASTPORT, Me., October 22.—A shock of earthquake was felt here at 5:30 this morning, the most severe ever felt in this vicinity.

Accounts Closed—Handsome Balance.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, October 22.—The Executive Committee of the National Peace Jubilee Association having closed their accounts, make the following statement of the result of that great enterprise: Total receipts from sale of tickets, rent of rooms, and all other sources, $290,270; expended, $233,388, including the balance in the hands of the treasurer, $6,882. Immediately on closing their report, they say, "contrary to the general apprehension the receipts of the Jubilee were sufficient to pay all its expenses without calling on the guarantees fund.

"The balance remaining in the Treasury is absolutely at the disposal of the Committee, to be used for the reimbursement of their own expenses, compensation of their service or any other purpose to which they may please to appropriate it." They have unanimously decided to add this amount to the proceeds of a benefit concert, given to Mr. Gilmore as their testimonial to his genius and tireless energy in inaugurating one of the most brilliant and successful entertainments of modern times. The proceeds of the concert amounted to $32,146, and the balance in the Treasury $6,882; making the total testimonial, placed in trust for Mr. Gilmore and his family, $39,028.

Trial of the Officers of the Cuba.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WILMINGTON, N. C., October 22.—The trial of the officers of the steamer Cuba was continued before the United States Commissioner to-day, and the Court adjourned until to-morrow. The only witness yet examined was Gordon, who said he belonged to the United States detective force. The defence expect to be able to invalidate his testimony. The trial may consume several days. The sailors and marines of the Cuba have been quartered at the Seaman's Home by their officers, and show no disposition to leave. The have generally conducted themselves in an orderly manner.

American Dental Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW HAVEN, October 22.—At the American Dental Convention yesterday, Dr. Crowell presided. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, J. Yambler; Vice President, Samuel Mallett; Recording Secretary and Treasurer, J. H. Smith; Corresponding Secretary, J. S. Latimer.

The afternoon was occupied in discussing the best material for artificial dentistry. The profession was urged to use their efforts to discountenance the use of rubber as a base for artificial teeth.

ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis Commercial Convention Adjourned Sine Die.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—The National Cattle Convention met at the Southern Hotel this morning, and after the passing of some complimentary resolutions and the appointment by the President of the following sub committee for the purpose of facilitating any business that may hereafter be necessary to transact in the interest of the capitol movement, adjourned *sine die*:

Judge John D. Caton, of Illinois; Sam. B. Churchill, of Kentucky; L. A. Rowes, of Missouri; Clark E. Carr, of Illinois; John Coburn, of Indiana. It is probable this Committee will call another convention to be held at Washington City.

Soon after adjournment, the delegates and a large number of ladies and gentlemen of this city embarked on board the steamer Bellle, of Alton, and visited all the points of interest between Bessell's point, five miles above, and Carondolet, six miles below the city. At the latter place they visited the new iron furnaces and witnessed a draw of molten ore. During the trip a collation was spread and several speeches made. The Convention has been a decided success. Thirteen States and five Territories were represented by some of the ablest and most practical men, and there was an earnestness of purpose and unanimity of sentiment among them rarely manifested in a deliberative body. All seem to be satisfied that a great and growing movement has been inaugurated which will culminate in a reasonable time in the successful carrying out of the object so dear to the revival of the capital of the republic to some point in this valley—the future, if not the present, seat of the empire—the centre of the wealth, population and power of the nation.

Workingwomen's Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—The sessions of the Workingwomen's Convention was brought to a close to-night. In the afternoon an organization was formed to be styled "The Massachusetts Workingwoman's League," constitution adopted, and officers elected. The object of the League is more especially to unite the factory operatives, and bring them into harmony with other trade organizations of the State. There was a large attendance this evening, and addresses made by Mrs. Ingelhart, of Chicago, Mrs. Blackwell, Lucy Stone, Miss Jennie Collins, Mrs. Daniels, Mrs. Bradley and others.

Presbyterian Synod Adjourned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

POUGHKEEPSIE, October 22. During the meeting of the Presbyterian Synod to-day the literature and music of Sabbath Schools were denounced as unfit to be taken into the church, and resolutions were adopted urging Christians to use their efforts to secure the repeal of those of the Sunday laws, and refuse their votes to persons who violate these laws. To-night the Synod adjourned. It will meet again on the third Tuesday in October, 1870, in Fourth Avenue Church, New York City.

—A man named Lawrence Clancy was arrested at Perth, Illinois, Thursday evening, on suspicion of having murdered his wife. The notice of the death of the woman was given by Clancy himself, who informed his neighbors that she had fallen upon the stove in a fit, and killed herself. Report has it that Clancy has abused his wife, and that a year ago he menaced her life until she caused him to be arrested, and to give bonds to keep the peace. Clancy's answers to questions touching the case were so inconsistent and irreconcilable, and all his deportment since the death of his wife so unsatisfactory, that he was ordered to the lock-up to await the action of Coroner's jury.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, October 22.—Overstocked markets have caused a dull trade, and prices have declined all round. Beeves foot up 2,339 to-day, completing 7,500 for the week. There is several hundred head on hand to be sold, and trade is very slow at 6¢ decline from Wednesday, nothing going over 16c. A lot of 100 Kentucky cattle, 1,000 lbs. average, sold at 15½@16c; 60 lbs., 6 cwt., sold at 15½c; 60 lbs., 6 cwt., sold at 15½c; 60 lbs., 6 cwt., sold at 15½

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING, 84 AND 86 FIFTH AV.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1869.

1596.

The full official returns from every county in this Commonwealth give a majority of 4,596 to GEARY, and of 8,791 to WILLIAMS.

Of our foreign exports, showing a total valuation for the last fiscal year of $443,-954,625, nearly one half, $190,756,695, went to England, $18,000,000 to Canada, $42,000,000 to France, $24,000,000 to Bremen, $12,000,000 each to Hamburg and Cuba, and $10,000,000 to China. More than one-half of the exportation was shipped under foreign flags.

SINCE the P. P. Party can't have Pennsylvania, will it comfort them to hear that they have again saved California? The friends of the perishing Pershing here should be consoled with the two Judges whom they elect on the far-away Pacific shore. If California jurisprudence could only exult in the bodily presence of Pershing and Sharswood!

THE allegations which establish the complicity of Gen. Butterfield, Assistant Treasurer at New York, in the recent operations of the exploded gold ring, are very specific and circumstantial, leaving scanty hopes for the successful refutation which the country demands, as the alternative of his prompt retirement from that responsible office. This is understood to be also the view taken by the Administration.

A NEW YORK dispatch talks of an early consolidation of the entire railway line from New York to Omaha, *via* Albany, Buffalo and Chicago, swallowing up the Erie road and both lines from Chicago westward. Even New York declines to be responsible for the truth of this report, accrediting it to a Chicago source. There is probably but one difficulty in the way of a successful arrangement of this sort. That difficulty is represented by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

IN March last, we all regarded Mr. Andrew Johnson as 'politically dead. We now hear from Tennessee that he is very dead, indeed. Even that just now bitterly reactionary State declines the not doubtful reputation which he would reflect upon her as one of her Senators at Washington. But a change of three votes would have elected him. Evidently, Tennessee hankered for him, but dared not stand the hazard of the die. He is beaten by Mr. Henry Cooper, of whose antecedents we only hear that he has abilities, and a consistent Union record. We should congratulate Tennessee more cordially if his majority had been more largely decisive.

A POLITICAL friend favors us with a copy of an ultra Democratic journal entitled the *Standard*, and published at Port Gibson, Mississippi, in which the editor extravagantly praises a worthy colored candidate for the legislature, who was "born a slave, and has bravely risen from a lowly condition to one of honor and respectability." Our friend proposes as a conundrum: "How long will it be before the Pittsburgh GAZETTE and *Post* will talk as kindly and boldly of the negro as the ultra-Democrat of Mississippi?" We answer, on our part, that we are always prepared to say kind and good things of worthy men, whether their skins be white or black.

THE SPIRIT of our own comments upon certain impertinent suggestions, not to say impudent insinuations, recently addressed by the New York *Tribune* to the Legislature of this State, was in exact accord with Republican sentiment in the anthracite counties. The Scranton *Republican* refers to the *Tribune's* article thus:

The article closes with the usual amount of buncombe invariably indulged in by the editorial writers of the *Tribune* when treating upon the coal buestion, of which indeed they are thoroughly ignorant, and upon which they could readily inform themselves did they really value for the miner the friendly interest any profess.

The Wilkesbarre *Spirit* declares;

The Republican Legislature of Pennsylvania will not ask a farthing from the miners for doing justice. For that we feel willing to vouch.

WE HEAR a doubtful rumor from Texas that the friends of Hamilton, the bush whacking candidate for Governor, have been "materially strengthened by the opposition of the Administration, which has aroused their energies for the canvass," and may ensure his election. Fudge! All rumors of this sort are of a piece with the unreliable dispatches, from every part of the South, which the exclusively ex-rebel agents of the Associate Press have been sending us for three years past. When an item of intelligence would give a fair show for the Republicans, or reveal too much of Ku-klux-ism, these fellows never let it get through if they knew it. In this light, nineteen-twentieths of all our Southern political news has required to be discounted, leaving not to exceed five per cent. of solid truth.

Davis, in Texas, and Alcorn, in Mississippi, the regular straight-out Republican nominees, will be the next Governors of their respective States.

THE National Convention of the friends of Woman Suffrage, to be held at Cleveland, November 24th and 25th, may be anticipated as the most important demonstration in that cause which the country shall have yet witnessed. The call, which is signed with all the well-known names of the leading supporters of the movement, as well as by many new and influential friends, of either sex, and from nearly every Northern and Middle State, is very happily framed to ensure the largest attendance, as well as the broadest consideration of the general subject. Presenting the need for an "American Woman Suffrage Association which shall embody the deliberate action of the State organizations and carry with it their united weight," this invitation clearly remits all questions to the Convention, and contemplates the widest latitude of discussion. It is likely that the movement may ultimately ascribe its triumphs, or its defeat, to the practical wisdom which shall guide the deliberations of this, the first really important and authoritative political congress of an unsexed Republic.

OUR DIPLOMACY AT MADRID.

Our Minister at Madrid, Gen. SICKLES, has been very freely censured, by a portion of the American press, including all the opposition journals, and some of those which nominally support the administration, for his alleged diplomatic indiscretion in the treatment of our proposition to mediate between Spain and her revolted colonists. At first, these journals indulged in harsh comments upon his tender of any mediation whatever, their ostensible objection being that he had thereby prejudiced the subtantial interests of the insurgents. But when, subsequently, he withdrew the offer, upon the clear intimation of the Madrid government that it was not acceptable in its scheme, the indignation of his critics was thundered at his head, for what was declared to be a base surrender of Cuban interests and a discreditable compromise of our National dignity.

It now transpires that the offer of mediation was originally founded upon an unofficial intimation, from General PRIM himself, that such an offer would be acceptable to Spain. This intimation came to the President through Mr. Forbes, of New York, a personal friend of Prim. In reply, the views of the Administration were confided to that gentleman, who was sent back to Madrid. Subsequently, Gen. SICKLES was appointed Minister. His instructions included the following basis for the mediation thus desired by the Spanish Government:

1. The independence of Cuba.
2. An indemnity to be paid by the Cubans to the Spanish Government, secured by a lien upon their revenue—the United States to guarantee the payment of this sum, in a fiduciary capacity.
3. An armistice pending the arrangement of these details.

On arriving at his post, our Minister was surprised to learn from Mr. Forbes that Gen. PRIM had changed his view of the situation, no doubt because of the peculiar state of public sentiment in Spain, and he made it known to our Minister that no such proposition could be accepted if made. Guided by this knowledge, Gen. SICKLES confined his interposition to a simple offer of the kind offices of the Republic, in the interests of humanity. These good offices, in that sense, were not declined, the Madrid officials insisting that the Cuban question was a purely domestic affair. Confidential negotiations were still, however, maintained with PRIM, who at last indicated the following terms as acceptable to the Madrid Cabinet.

1. The insurgents, under the advice of the American Government, to lay down their arms.
2. An immediate and general disarmament of the Volunteers.
3. Election of Deputies to the Spanish Cortes.
4. Plebiscitum by free suffrage on the question of Independence.
5. If the Cubans desire independence, indemnity to be paid to Spain, under guarantee of the United States.

Telegraphed home, these terms were rejected at once by Secretary FISH, who also informed the Spanish Envoy at Washington that, unless our propositions were accepted at Madrid, we should recognize Cuban belligerency forthwith. These facts transpired at Madrid and caused an intense popular excitement, in the midst of which our Minister was advised by the Spanish officials that their government really desired our good offices, but could accomplish nothing at present, and requested the withdrawal of his note. This our minister received authority from Washington to do, and so the affair ended.

It would have been well, looking at this review of the facts, if Secretary FISH had exhibited the same patient reticence, and regard for all the proprieties of the situation, which have been displayed by Gen. SICKLES. While the latter has taken good care never to exceed his instructions, the former has made the great mistake of forgetting that, in consenting to any negotiation on the basis of an informal and diplomatically irregular private understanding with a leading member of the Spanish Regency, we accepted the proprieties of the situation, and the risk of an entirely legitimate official disavowal by that Government. Our Secretary embarked in a back stairs arrangement, which was wholly outside of legitimate diplomacy, and ought never to have been unmindful of the fact that, as such, the whole business might at any moment be rightfully disavowed by the Madrid Cabinet. Here was the great point of difference. Had the first invitation come to us from that Government officially, instead of in the guise of a private and irregular hint from one of its members, the Administration would have been entitled to insist upon the basis therein indicated—but not otherwise.

Mr. FISH ventured to take the risks of a possible repudiation by Spain, and the contingency did actually come to pass. This gave us no right to hold out the subsequent menace that Cuban belligerency would be recognized. In that threat the Secretary blundered as palpably as unfortunately. We cannot agree with the N. Y. *Times*, whose account of the facts in this negotiation we have adopted, that Mr. FISH has "done nothing to provoke criticism"—We think, and for the reason stated, that he made a mistake which cannot but be sharply criticised in diplomatic circles, whatever the line of remark upon it may be by our own political journals. In treating a back-stairs suggestion—from no matter what influential source—as having the responsible authority of a formal invitation for our mediation, he overlooked the first principles defining the honorable obligations either of individuals or nations to each other. What he should have demanded as a preliminary, was, that responsible communication which would have clothed us with a right standing in the proposed negotiation, with the resulting right to insist upon Spanish good faith, even at the penalty which his later menace implied. What he actually had, was, in its very nature, fair notice to him of the Spanish right to withdraw and to disavow all responsibility—at any stage of the affair.

The Cuban revolution is purely a domestic question with Spain. Her insurgent subjects have no international standing whatever. The Administration will err in any denial of international rights or privileges to Spain, merely upon the ground of neutrality between her and her Cuban rebels. We have no knowledge of the latter, and can recognize them neither in form nor by inference, until we see good international reasons for admitting their belligerent rights. If, upon any plea of neutrality, we shall in the meantime deny the rights or the comities of the public law to a friendly power as Spain is now, we shall disregard the plainest obligations of that law, as accepted by the world. In this view, the obstacles which are placed in the way of the departure of certain Spanish armed vessels from New York, so far as those obstacles are suggested by the Cuban situation, are clearly forbidden by every fair interpretation of the law of nations.

To secure belligerent rights abroad, the Cubans must establish a government *de facto*, with something more than a nominal capacity to sustain its existence. Until that shall be their situation—and it is not so now—they are legally rebels, in the consideration of every power in Christendom. We cordially concur with the *Times* in its view on that point, as follows:

The Cubans are as much at liberty as ever they were to achieve their independence, if they covet it. But the voice of their great cities is still silent, or is raised against the insurrection. Cubans who appear to be disinterested observers say that the insurrection is only supported by that class which has everything to gain and nothing to lose by social disturbances. The demand for "recognition" is therefore weaker than ever it was, and although it is quite possible that a resolution or two may be introduced into Congress next session in favor of our Government extending belligerent rights to the insurgents, it is quite certain that the matter will rest there. The Administration will not be forced into a false position to please a few hot-trained enthusiasts or a handful of adventurers.

THE recently reported discovery of a petrified man, ten feet high, in Central New York, turns out to have been a little incorrect. The stone discovered, it is now said, was never alive, but is a cleverly carved statue. The question is, when and by whom was this work done. If its antiquity be as great as is supposed, it remains the solitary relic of a people and of a civilization, all other memories and traces of which have vanished. A nation which could produce works of art, of the character which this discovery is represented to have, must have been far superior to the so-called aborigines, who possessed the land when Europeans found it. It is certainly curious, no matter how far back into antiquity they may date, that no remains of their civilization and history have ever before been unearthed in the land. The sculptor who achieved this work must have had metallic tools, and yet the Indians were still but in the stone-period when discovered by the white men. All the arts and implements of the lost race must have disappeared when they themselves were overthrown.

THE time has evidently come when the iconoclasts are to have their little period of triumph again. Our idols are being knocked down all around us. Byron rudely crushed, there comes now a German image-breaker to overturn the great Goethe and grind him to powder. The accusation against this German Jupiter is one of plagiarism, desertion and petty larceny. He is accused of having at one time loved an actress who composed sweet and beautiful songs. He won her affections, stole her songs, appropriated their authorship and deserted the deceived and heart-broken woman. It would be well, before giving credence to this report, to remember that the accused is no petty poet, but is Goethe, the literary Michael Angelo of the age, a man whose immensity of genius and profundity of mind yet seek in vain for parallels. Goethe stealing love-ditties from an actress unknown to fame is about equal to Shakespear and Raphael capturing one of the penny caricatures of their time, and claiming that it and the accompanying motto were their joint productions.

A COTEMPORARY urges the necessity of a new theatre building in Pittsburgh, and we agree that it is a much-needed improvement. At the present there is no building worthy of so large a town or capable of holding all the people who would want, upon great occasions, to visit it. Now, when such attractions as Parepa, or Kellogg, or Bernard, are announced, the line of patient waiters begins to form five or six hours before the ticket office is opened; consequently, all the available seats are taken up before the tail of the queue is reached. With a more expansive stage and efficient machinery, there is no reason why spectacles and grand operas should not be produced as well in Pittsburgh as in New York or Chicago. But if there should be a new theatre built, we hope, nay insist, that it shall be done with some regard for the safety of the audience in case of fire. The law should provide that no public theatre or hall should have less than two broad entrances easy of access, with stairs of stone not too steep for an easy transit.

LOUISVILLE is infested with loafers who crowd the street-corners and rudely stare at or impertinently accost unattended ladies who chance to pass, even in the broad light of day. Nor can the police be found to afford the necessary protection. Once, we made the same complaint here. Then the corners and sidewalks of our main thoroughfares were daily crowded with lounging men who spat upon the clothes of passers by and made running critiques upon all unfortunate enough to attract their attention. This was, but we believe is no longer the case. Fifth, Market and Smithfield streets are again uninfested, and in Allegheny, Federal street, though much lounged in, is vastly improved. It is to be hoped that after Louisville has endured the evil as long as Pittsburgh did, she may achieve an equally happy deliverance.

FALSE announcements of marriages are constantly to be found in eastern city journals, and often in those of the country. There is neither wit nor fun in such achievements, and the perpetrators thereof are only worthy of the severest punishment. To a sensitive girl, a false announcement of her marriage must be a very serious matter, and indeed we are cognizant of cases where such notices have been charged with fatal results.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Not long since we gave the substance of a paragraph in which the *Independent*, of New York represented that "two-thirds of the students of the General (Episcopal) Seminary" at New York, "had gone over to the Roman Catholics." The wording of the paragraph was so decided that we supposed it might be true, but we are pleased to learn that there were but *two* preverts, instead of two-thirds.

The editor of the *American Churchman*, of Chicago, recently visited Utah. He represents that the knaves in the Mormon Church are nearly all Yankees, including the "apostles," "bishops" and "elders," and all who get the tithes; while the dupes are nearly all very degraded European peasants, many of them from England and Wales, and members by baptism of the English Church. He say "there never existed but one Mormon Irishman, and a Mormon Irishwoman is something totally unknown to naturalists."

Just now the eyes of the civilized world are turned to the Pope, and much speculation is also indulged in regard to the object of the Ecumenical Council, soon to be held in Rome. Some days ago Bishop Domenec, of the Pittsburgh Diocese, on the eve of his departure for Rome, expressed his views pretty fully on the subject. The high position of Archbishop Manning, said to be the leader of the Ultramontane party, who has recently expressed himself in reference to the Sovereign power of the Pope, is significant. We reproduce the following assumption in his address: "The Roman Pontiff—*that is, the whole Church of God, for it is all contained in him*, and where the head acts all act with him." In another place, says the *Independent*, he puts in the mouth of the Holy Father this startling language: "I claim to be the supreme judge and director of the consciences of men—of the peasant that tills the fields, and the prince that sits on the throne; of the household that lives in the shade of privacy, and the legislature that makes laws for kingdoms. *I am the sole last supreme judge of what is right and wrong.*"

Bishop Ames is reported to have said in a late address, that he was not born in the Methodist Episcopal Church. His grandfathers were both ministers—one Episcopal, the other Congregational—while he, absorbing the essence of both, came out a Methodist.

The attorney of the Methodist Book Concern, E. P. Fancher, Esq., one of the best lawyers in New York city, in an article in the *Christian Advocate*, declares the Concern is not involved in any improper liability of any nature, does not owe a dollar contracted by fraud, is stronger to-day than ever it was in pecuniary resources and property, and its assets exceed in value, according to the judgment of those acquainted therewith, more than a million of dollars above all liabilities, and more than any exhibit of theirs which has ever been made.

Mrs. Van Cott, of New York, of whom so much has been said for and against, in the Methodist Episcopal Church, and by outsiders, some months ago, when she was licensed by a Quarterly Conference to preach the Gospel, has been assisting the pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Chicopee, Massachusetts, to hold a protracted meeting—resulting in the addition of over sixty persons. Resolutions were adopted approving and commending her as an evangelist. She is now preaching in Boston. It will be remembered her case was not acted upon by the Annual Conference, having supervision over the quarterly conference, which gave her license, but was laid over until the next meeting in April 1870.

The *United Presbyterian*, in its defense of the Presbytery for appointing a preacher to fill the pulpit of Mr. J. R. Miller, a United Presbyterian minister, who lately left that denomination, by which act he was prevented from preaching his farewell sermon, states that this was in accordance with the established rule, and that Mr. Miller ought to have preached his farewell sermon before closing his connection with the church. We do not understand this to be the "established rule," as we learned that months after a United Presbyterian minister had severed his connection with a church in the adjoining city and united with another denomination, that the congregation invited him to preach for them before he left for his new field of labor in the West.

Rev. Professor Hackett, well known for his connection with the Baptist Bible Union, will shortly assume the duties of Professor of New Testament Exegesis, in the Rochester Theological Seminary.

During the late annual meeting of the Friends of Indiana, at Richmond, the meeting felt the impulse of the new religious interest which has been pervading the body for some time past. In regard to dress, while it was not expected that women would attire themselves in the ancient fashion, nevertheless it was hoped that the young, if deviating from what is styled the plain garb, would have for their motive simplicity and convenience.

The East Genessee Methodist Conference, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, lately passed a series of resolutions disapproving Free Masonry in very strong terms.

Bishop Potter, of the New York Episcopal Diocese, has, during the fifteen years of his Episcopate, confirmed forty-one thousand persons, and admitted four hundred to Holy Orders.

A correspondent of the *Christian Intelligencer*, of New York, says that Ex-President Pierce, for years, attended the Second Congregational church of Concord, but during the war he could not sit easy under the patriotic preaching of the pastor, and was led to go to the Episcopal Church, in whose communion he died.

It is stated the altar of St. Stephen's church, New York city, Twenty-eighth street, just finished, cost sixty thousand dollars.

Bishop McIlvaine sometime ago was represented by a correspondent of the *Church Journal*, that he was in a fair way to become "the tallest High Churchman in the land." But the Bishop declares that this is "wholly false." At a recent ordination, as is his custom, he himself led an extempore prayer meeting just previous to going into the church for the public services.

The *United Presbyterian*, speaking of the Birmingham United Presbyterian church, under the pastoral care of Rev. Wm. M. Coleman, recently repaired and beautified, says the debt that had been hanging over them, has been paid off. On their late communion occasion they had a large and encouraging accession of members.

STATE ITEMS.

YORK is enjoying a matrimonial furore.

THE Easton *Daily Argus* died with Packer.

OUTRAGES by the Philadelphia police continue.

TYPHOID FEVER of a very malignant type prevails in Altoona.

THE chestnut crop is unusually large this year. Mifflin county expects to gather fifteen hundred bushels.

THE Baptist State Convention, in session at Reading this week, designated Pittsburgh at the place of meeting next year.

THE receipts of the four principal agricultural fairs in Easton, Pennsylvania, this fall were: Reading, $6,296; Doylestown, $8,500; Allentown, $6,930; Easton, $6,000.

A PRIMITIVE one story edifice in Germantown, erected about one hundred and fifty years ago, and almost interruptedly inhabited during that time, was demolished last week to give place to dwellings of modern style.

COL. GEO. W. ALEXANDER, the victim of the Berks county whisky ring, recently pardoned by President Grant, was welcomed home to Reading on Monday last by a general outpouring of the people. Thousands met him at the depot, and escorted him to his home.

ON Friday of last week, during the closing hours of the Franklin County Agricultural Society's exhibition, at Chambersburgh, Dr. J. A. Maclay, of Greenvillage, was thrown from his horse and fell upon his head on the track, receiving such injuries as caused his death on Monday morning.

THE vote for Representatives in the Westmoreland and Indiana district was:

	West'd.	Indiana.	Total.
Fulton, R.....	4,812	3,968	8,780
Kreps, R.....	4,780	3,986	8,766
Marshall, R..	4,895	3,774	8,679
Latta, D.....	6,187	2,025	8,212
Bierer, D.....	6,197	1,963	8,149
M'Cormic, D..	6,134	2,189	8314

WILLIAM BERESON, a citizen of Uniontown, Fayette county, while passing along the National Road, on Wednesday evening of last week, at a secluded spot known as "Turkey's Nest," was accosted by a highway robber, and after being relieved of his gold watch and a small sum of money, was allowed to continue his journey.

AT an early hour on Sunday morning, as a locomotive attached to a through express freight from Philadelphia to Williamsport and the West was passing through Tamaqua, the engine was thrown from the track and upset into Wabash Creek, in consequence of a misplaced switch. The engineer, conductor, and fireman were held fast beneath the wreck, and had to be extricated with crowbars. The two former were slightly injured. The latter had the main arteries of his left arm severed.

ON the farm of West Fry, at Finleyville, Washington county, near the Peters creek bridge, there is a spot of ground, about twenty five feet square on the surface, where nothing has grown this year, not even a spear of grass, although previously productive as other parts of the field. Potatoes planted there last season, never even sprouted. Strange noises had been heard, as of the approach of a storm, and investigation proved that they proceeded from the spot indicated. Recently a hole was dug at the locality, and at the depth of four feet small crevices were discovered, from which strong streams of gas gushed with a sort of hissing sound, and upon being ignited burned with a clear, steady flame. Water soaking into the excavation, the stream of gas caused it to bubble, and the gas accumulating on the surface burned with a bluish light like the flame from alcohol. The discovery has attracted much curiosity in the neighborhood.

State Politics.

The Republicans of Clearfield never worked harder than this year, but there were local influences, affecting particular sections of the county, which no amount of labor in canvassing could subvert. Under other circumstances they consider the small loss they sustained, very creditable to them.

Tioga's official majority for Geary was 2,710. A private letter says: The Democrats voted for Governor and Judge on *the same ticket*. We did not find it out till election began, when we sent as far we could to have the votes for Pershing included. Most of his 1,112 can be thrown out on a contest. In one place our boards threw out the vote for Governor also, which makes us 45 better off than we should be. Their tickets were headed, "State," and then read inside, "For Governor, Asa Packer," "For Judge of the Supreme Court, C. L. Pershing," which they voted in one ticket. Some think we might have excluded all the votes for Governor; I think not, but there would seem to be some foundation for such opinion. (See Purdon's Digest, p. 377, sec. 54, 2 par., rep. 334.)

A FARMER plowing in his field near Naples, Illinois, turned up a pot of gold coin. He stopped his team, examined the glittering metal closely, counted it, and found that it amounted to four thousand dollars. However, a doubt depressed his soul. He feared the stuff might possibly have been deposited there by counterfeiters, and might prove worthless. He took it to Winchester and sold it to one of the banks for five thousand and old dollars in greenbacks.

BONAPARTE, AUG. 15, 1769.—HUMBOLDT, SEPT. 14, 1769.

BY OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

Ere yet the warning chimes of midnight sound,
Set back the flaming index of the year;
Track the swift-rolling seasons in their round
Through five-score circles of the swinging sphere.

Lo, in yon inlet of the midland sea
The tideless wave has stood with its snowy crest,
The cumbrous bale of empires yet to be,
A month-old babe upon his mother's breast.

Those little hands, that soon shall grow so strong
In their rude grasp gr. at thrones shall rock and fall,
Press her soft bosom, while a nursery song
Holds the world's master in its slender thrall.

Look! a new crescent bends its silver bow;
A new-lit star has fired the eastern sky;
Hark! by the river where the Indian blow
A wailing household hears an infant's cry.

This, too, a conqueror! His the vast dominion
Wider than his wildest dreams have shadowed forth;
Earth, and the wintering kingdom of the main
Laid their broad charters in his royal hands.

His was not taper lit in cloistered cage,
Its glimmer borrowed from the grove or porch;
He read the record of the pyramids page
By Edfu's glare and Cairo's torch.

He heard the voices of the pathless wood;
On the salt steppes he saw the starlight shine;
He scaled the mountain's windy solitudes,
And trod the galleries of the breathless mine.

For him no fingering of the love-strung lyre,
No problem vague, by torturing schoolmen
He fed no broken altar's dying fire,
Nor sku-kol and scowled behind a Rabbi's text.

For God's new truth he claimed the kingly robe
That priestly slaves had counted all their own.
Unrolled the scroll of the subjected globe,
And let young Science to her empty throne.

While the round planet on its axle spins
One faithful heart shall beat to his noble birth,
And how the cradles of its mighty twins,
Master and servant of the sons of earth.

Which wears the garland that shall never fade,
Sweet with fair memories that can never die;
Ask not the marbles where their bones are laid,
Bow low thy ear to hear thy brothers' cry:

"Tear up the despot's laurels by the root,
Like mandrakes shrieking as they quit the soil!
Feed us no more upon the blood-red fruit
That sticks its crimson from the heart of Toil!

"We claim the food that fixed our mortal fate:
Bend to our reach the long forbidden tree!
The angel frowned at Eden's eastern gate—
Its western portal is forever free!"

Bring the white blossoms of the waning year,
Heap with full hands the peaceful conqueror's shrine;
Whose bloodless triumphs cost no sufferer's tear:
Hero of knowledge be our tribute to you!

—*Atlantic Monthly.*

September 14, 1869.

"Eternal Dish Washings."

We are not sure that the ladies will thank us for reproducing the following by Rev. T. K. Beecher, as it may be simply repeating a, to them, tiresome truth; but it will show them that at least one man appreciates their real condition in life:

The quiet fidelity with which "she" will dish-wash her life away for "him" is a marvel of endurance and grace. Just here is the servitude of woman heaviest—no sooner is her work done than it requires to be done again. Man works up jobs, ends them, and takes his pay. This pay can be translated into something else desirable. A man works all day, and draws pay for his day's work. This pay allures him, as oats does a horse, homeward bound. Thus men work by terms and jobs; and although work is endless as to quantity, yet when cut up thus into terms and jobs, we men go heartily on our journey and count our milestones.

Not so with our mate. She mends our socks, and we put our irrepressible toe upon the darned spot, and she darns it again. "She washes for the family, and the family makes haste to send back the same garments to be washed again. "She" puts the room in order, and we get ready to be "rid up" again. The same washing, the same socks, the same room every time. She has no successive jobs, no terms, no pay day, no tally stick of life. She washes the same dish three hundred and sixty-five—yes, three times three hundred and sixty five times every year. No wonder she breaks it and is glad of it! What a relief to say "I've done with that dish!"—*Moore's Rural New Yorker.*

"HOW BRINGEST ME LIFE—LUNG-WORT.

One of the truest and most suggestive ideas can be obtained from the caution at the head of this article; for of all diseases which impair human health and shorten human life, none are more prevalent than those which affect the lungs and pulmonary tissues. Whether we regard the diseases in the light of a merely slight cough, which is but the fore-runner of a more serious malady, or as a deep lesion corroding and dissolving the pulmonary structure, it is always pregnant with evil and foreboding of disaster. In no class of maladies should the physician or the friends and family of the patient be more seriously forewarned than in those of the lungs, for it is then that early and efficient treatment is most desirable, and it is then that danger can be warded off and cure effected. In DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE we have a medicine of the greatest value in [illegible] conditions. As a alterative, a tonic and [illegible] and resolvent, assisting nature and [illegible] recuperative powers of the system. Its beautiful workings, in harmony with the regular functions, can be readily observed by the use of one or two bottles: it will soon break up the chain of morbid sympathies that disturb the harmonious workings of the animal economy. The harrassing cough, the painful respiration, the sputum streaked with blood, will soon give place to the normal and proper workings of health and vigor.

An aggregated experience of over thirty years has enabled Dr. Keyser, in the compounding of his LUNG CURE, to give new hope to the consumptive invalid and at the same time speedy relief in those now prevalent, catarrhal and throat affections, so distressing in their effects and so almost certainly fatal in their tendencies, unless cured by some appropriate remedy. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is a thorough and efficient; that any one who has ever used it, will never be without it in the house. It will often cure when everything else fails, and in simple cases will cure oftentimes in a few days.

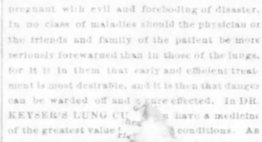
The attention of patients, as well as medical men is respectfully invited to this new and valuable addition to the pharmacy of the country.

DR. KEYSER may be consulted every day until 1 o'clock P. M. at his Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street, and from 3 to 6 and 7 to 8 at night.

MHE EXHAUSTED SYSTEM.

Summer is a debilitating season, and the sudden change of temperature which takes place at this period of the year finds the healthiest of us considerably enervated by the preceding heat, and the weakly and delicate almost prostrated. This is not a favorable condition in which to encounter the raw winds of October and its chilling fogs and night dews, and consequently intermittant fever, dysintery, billious attacks, and rheumatism are more or less prevalent everywhere, but especially in localities where the atmosphere is naturally unwholesome. In order to avoid the dangers arising from these causes the exhausted system should now be renovated and invigorated by a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, this newest and most potent of all vegetable tonics and exhilerants regulates the secretions while it renews the strength, and purifies the fluids of the body, while it gives firmness and vigor to the nervous organization. Under the glow of this agent which renders the stomach so repulsive, composed of extracts and juices of the choicest of the healing plants and herbs, mingled with a diffusive stimulant from which excessive alcohol has been extracted, and recovered preparation be in no respect, the very best medicine of its kind that the world has ever known, and justifies the fullest confidence of members of the medical profession, and the general verdict of the public, which an experience of twenty years during which HOSTETTER'S BITTERS has attained a greater popularity and more extensive sales than any other advertised in the country of the American press.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters with the best, simplest, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the paper, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Directors of the Sharpsburg and Lawrenceville Bridge Company have this day declared a dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.

for the last six months, payable at the office of the Treasurer in Sharpsburg forthwith.

JNO. REED, Treasurer.

SHARPSBURG, Oct. 7, 1869. oct3d71

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY Have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. On the capital Stock, payable Monday, 18th inst. A. P. McGREW, Sec'y.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1869. c14p79

DR. ANDREW EARNST, GERMAN PHYSICIAN, Cures all manner of disease that the system is subject to. Office No 641 Penn street. Office hours from 7 till 12 A. M. and from 4 till 6 P. M. oct9:p66

FOR SALE, 1,000 FIRST CLASS BARRELS, Suitable to be used for Vinegar, Wine, Cider or Carbon Oil. Apply at 39 and 60 Water street, oct8:p81 HOSTETTER & SMITH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXTRA BARGAINS SATURDAY, AT WILLIAM Nos. 180 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

12½c. Barred Shirting Flannels,
6¼c. Dark Calico,
8½c. Dark Calico,
12½c. Ex. Heavy Yard Wide Sheetings.
12½c. Good Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.
6¼c. Linen Toweling.
25c. Yard Wide Feather Ticking.
25c. Good Kentucky Jean.
25c. Double Width Alpacas.
87½c. Waterproof Cloth.
$1.00 Waterproof Cloth.
$3,50, Pair Good White Blankets.
$3,00, Pair Gray Blankets.

AT VERY LOW PRICES,

Heavy Barred Country Flannels.
White Country Blankets, extra size and quality.
Shirting Flannels, all kinds.
Cassimeres, Jeans, &c.
Heavy Colored Bed Quilts.

AT LOWES WHOLESALE AT WILLIAM Nos. 180 and 182 ALLEGHE

THIS WEEK!

62 1-2c. Heavy Corded Brown Poplin, cheap at $1.

62 1-2c 6-4 Silk Finish Black Alpacas; great bargains; worth $7 1-2c.

87 1-2c. Mixed Poplins, worth 62 1-2c.

Black Silks cheap.

Empress Cloth cheap.

Black Poplins cheap

ONE HUNDRED NEW ARAB SHAWLS.

25c. Heavy Plaid Flannels.

25c. Heavy White Flannels.

25c. Heavy Red Flannels.

31c. Extra Heavy Gray Twilled Flannels.

WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, A LARGE STOCK OF Sacques, Wraps, Walking Coats, BROADWAY JACKETS. All new Styles at very Low Prices.

PAISLEY SHAWLS. BEST BARGAINS IN THE CITY.

WHITE BLANKETS 11-4 ALL WOOL, $3.50 TO $5.00, A BARGAIN.

12½c. GOOD TICKING.

25c. YARD WIDE FEATHER TICKING.

E. R. GARDNER, No. 69 Market Street, West Corner Market and Fourth.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO., Dry Goods and Notions, No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh, SOLE AGENTS FULLERTON'S BARRED FLANNELS. GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS. A No. 1 BLANKETS AND YARNS ALSO, BRADLEY'S AND EASTERN FLANNELS.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED CONFECTIONERY IN A NEW PLACE. F. A. MIERSH & BROTHER Have removed their establishment to their new and elegant premises, No. 24 Sixth Street, (late St. Clair.) Where they will offer to their friends and customers the finest assortment of CONFECTIONS, FRENCH CANDIES AND CAKES, their own make. An elegant and commodious saloon will be found in the rear, where the best of creams, fresh Oysters, in all styles, as well as Cakes, Tea, Coffee and Chocolate, will be served in the promptest manner, at their old rates. oct9:p61

THE BURDETT ORGAN. The only organ containing Carpenter's wonderful and lately improved Human Voice Stop--Vox Humana. The Smoothest Toned Organ, The Most Various Toned Organ, The Most Durable Organ, The Best Organ for Singing, The Best Organ for Instrumental Music, The Cheapest Organ for the Quality, Is the BURDETT ORGAN. A splendid stock personally selected at the Factory just received and for sale at manufacturers' prices. H. KLEBER & BRO., 122 Wood street, oc9 Sole Agents for the Burdett Organ.

NO. 286 DEC. TERM, 1869. Public notice is hereby given that the NATRONA & TARENTUM Beneficial Society Have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County for a Charter, and that the said Court made an order in the case to the effect that said Charter will be granted at their next term, unless exceptions thereto will be file in the meantime. J. W. WALTER. oct21:q7 honotary.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO., (late Wilson, Carr & Co.,) WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods No. 95 WOOD STREET, Third door above Diamond alley, PITTSBURGH, PA.

K. SWINT ..... J. M. BRATT. SWINT & BRATT, ARCHITECTURAL AND ORNAMENTAL CARVERS No. 61 Sandusky St. Allegheny, Pa. A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip. to. done oc6:w36

B. TIEGEL, (Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,) MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, oc26:y21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN DRY GOODS! OCTOBER, 23, AT SEMPLE'S, and 182 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

Striped Wooden Shawls, Arab Shawls, Wooden Shawls, Paisley Shawls,

Ladies' and Childrens' Shawls, Ribbons and Flowers, Side Sash Ribbons, Velveteen Velvets,

Stockings and Gloves, Collars and Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Hair Switches, &c., &c.,

Ladies' Underwear, Mens' Shirts and Drawers, Cloth and Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts and Corsets, Embroideries, &c., &c.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW DRESS GOODS AT PRICES, AND RETAIL. AT SEMPLE'S, Federal Street, ALLEGHENY CITY.

RAMALEY'S HAT PARLOR, No. 22 Fifth Avenue. A FULL STOCK Of All the New Styles OF HATS AND CAPS OF THE SEASON. oct6:w2-TTH

A. A. ANDERSON & SONS, Book and Job Printers, 67 AND 69 FIFTH AVENUE, Dispatch Building, Pittsburgh. Having extra large founts of Types, and Press facilities for the RAPID execution of PAPER BOOKS, Would respectfully solicit the patronage of the legal fraternity. Those who favor us with their orders, can rely on having them done NEATLY, and AT THE TIME AGREED ON. All Kinds of ELECTION PRINTING PROMPTLY EXECUTED. oct27:m30

CHESTNUT & TWELFTH STREETS, PHILADELPHIA, BAILEY & CO., Jewelers. GRAND OPENING!! For the FALL and CHRISTMAS

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK.
NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Lesch, John Floyd, John V. Maitland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.
This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
jel6:tf

GOLD,
SILVER AND COUPONS
Bought at Highest Prices.
PH. R. MERTZ, Banker
Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.
nov8

JAMES T. BRADY & Co.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)
Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.
☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 22, 1869.

Gold opened firmer to-day at 131¼, declined on a dull market to 130¾, and closed inactive at 131¼. The advance is due more to a desire of a few of the large holders of gold, who were compelled to settle at 135, to advance the market price approaching that figure, as well as to prevent a too rapid decline in the face of the payment of 25 millions of goldinterest on November next. The purchase of bonds and cancelation of a considerable amounts of our national indebtedness. Whether this step was a judicious one and had the full effect on the credit of the Government is doubtful, but it must certainly have improved the condition of our finances, and to this is mainly due the low price of gold and a tendency to lower quotations before Congress will meet. What that body will do with the bonds purchased, whether it will order a re-issue and cancelation of other debts such as the three per cent. certificates remains to be seen, and will naturally effect the future course of gold. Heavy forced shipments of grain and cotton may do its share likewise. What the immediate course of gold is likely to be, is reflected by the decline of foreign exchange, and unless lower gold prices orevail, remittances will be made sparingly.

Government bonds are tending downward, although for the moment a speculative feeling has sprung up, based on the usual November purchases from the proceeds of the sale of coupons.

Stocks are strong and well sustained. New York Central, however, declined about 3 per cent. Efforts are made to advance all our speculative securities for the sake of selling out at an advance, and prior to a tighter money market.

Shipment of currency South and West will soon force down prices. Although the demand for currency will be less felt here this season than formerly, on account of a better supply at home of money, and a general improved condition of the cotton growing states.

Money about 10 to 12 per cent. Business deull,

Quotations as received by Ph. R Mertz: Gold, 130¾; Silver, 126; Eighty-one's, 119¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 120½; do 1864, 119¾; do 1865, 120; do 1865, Consols, 117¾; do 1867, 117¾; do 1868, 117¾; Ten Forties, 115¾; Union Pacific Central 89½; Erie, 130½; Reading, 96¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 85; Ohio & Mississippi, 126¾; Michigan Southern, 93½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 100½; Chicago & Rock Island, 105¾; Chicago & North Western, 71¼; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 84; Adams Express Company, 56; Merchants Union Express, 23½; Pacific Mail, —; Western Union Telegraph Company, 36¾; American Express Company 56.

EXCHANGES,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,45	$6,60
Paris, per franc	27	28¾
Berlin, thaler	98	99¼
Frankfort, florins	58	59½

—Closing quotationsreceived by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 130¾; United States Sixes, 1881, 120; Five-Twenties, 1862, 120½; do. do. 1864, 119¾; do. 1865, 120½; Ten-Forties, 108½; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 118; do. do. 1867, 118; do. do. 1868, 118 Due Compounds, —; Union Pacific Railroad, 86; Central do, do, 99; Cv. Pacific, 107¾; Lake Superior 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, October 22, 1869.

Money closed at 5 per cent. on Governments and 6@7 per cent. on stocks. There was an increased demand from stock brokers during the day. Prime discount dull at 16@12. Sterling a little weaker at 9¼@9¾. The bids for Government gold amounted to $6,397,000, the whole amount offered. One million was awarded to W. B Travens at 131 13-100.

Governments firmer and more active, closing firm. Coupons, '81, 119¾@20; do. '62, 21@21¼; do. 64, 19¾@19¾; do '65, 20@20¾; do. new, 17¾@18; do '67, 17¾@18; do. '68, 17¾@18. 10 40's, 108¾@108¾; currency 6s, 107¾@107¾.

State bonds dull. Missouris, 87; old Tennessees, 62; new do, 53¾; old Virginias, 50; new do, 52½; old North Carolinas, 47; new do, 38.

Stocks weak and generally dull and heavy, with a reaction from the best prices of the afternoon. The market has been irregular and unsettled throughout the day, with frequent fluctuations in leading shares. The tendency has been towards lower prices as a general thing, and the closing quotations show a decline in the entire list. A prominent feature in the market this afternoon was an advance in Pittsburgh from 97 to 102. Pacific Mail was quite active at times during the day, with 60¾@63¾ as the two extremes. Miscellaneous shares, except Pacific Mail, were dull and neglected, as also Express stocks.

Canton, 52¾; Cumberland, 27½; Western Union Telegraph, 36½; Quicksilver, 12¾; Mariposa, 8¼; do. preferred, 16¾; Pacific Mail, 60¾; Adams Express, 56½; Wells & Fargo, 20½; American, 36; United States, 56½; Merchants' Union, 9½; New York Central, 188½; Harlem, 143½; do. preferred, 144; Hudson, 172½; Reading, 96¾; Erie, 30¾; do. preferred, 84; Michigan Central, 122¾; Michigan Southern, 93½; Illinois Central, 135½; Pittsburgh, 100½; Northwestern, 71; do. preferred, 84; C. C. & C., 76½; Rock Island, 105½; St. Paul, 69¼; do. preferred, 82½; Wabash, 63½; do. preferred, 77; Fort Wayne, 85; Terre Haute, 30¼; do. preferred, 59½; Chicago and Alton, 141; do. preferred, 142; Ohio and Mississippi, 26½; St. Jo. 110¾; C. C. & I. C., 24½.

Mining shares dull.

Boston prices: Copper Falls, 6¾; Franklin, 11; Hecla, 80,

Sub-Treasury balance, $94,413,920.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 22.—At the recent decline there is a good business in printed calicos and other staple lines of domestic cottons and woolens, which are selling at comparatively low rates, but the general market is devoid of an animation, and in nine cases out of ten prices favor the seller in some way. Still, we have no important change to notice in cotton goods except in the Pemberton A ticks, which are reduced to 25c per yard.

Business generally is quiet, though nothing to complain of, there is plenty of room for improvement. The demand for almost everything is restricted entirely to supplying immediate wants, and with a strong competition, margins are very slim, and the result is, it requires more work and energy to succeed now in any branch of trade than it did a few years ago, when there was less rivalry and plenty of money. People are beginning to find out that they cannot all be speculators, also, that it is not every one engaged in speculating that succeeds—not one in fifty, hardly one in a hundred.

ASHES—Steady but unchanged—4@5 4¼ for Soda, and 9 for Pearls.

APPLES—In good supply but with a demand fully up to it, the market is steady and prices maintained; $1,50@3,50 per bbl.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at 5cts.

BUTTER—Is in good supply and dull but unchanged—35@35½ for prime to choice roll.

CHEESE—Market firm and prices well maintained. Sales Western Reserve at 16@17; Factory at 17@17½; Ohio Goshen 18@18½; and New York Goshen 19 cents.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at $10@15 per bbl—the outside figure for Sackett's choice "belle" berries.

CARBON OIL.—May be quoted at 28½@29 for 50 or 100 bbl lots, and 30½@31 in a retail way.

CHESTNUTS—In good supply but unchanged—sales at $5,50@6,00 per bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—Appies are quoted at 8@10 cts. per pound, and Peaches at 10 @12½ for bright quarters, and 12@14c for bright halves.

EGGS—Firm with sales at 28c, and some dealers quoted at 30—supply light.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—There is no improvement to note in the demand for flour, and the market is quiet and dull though unchanged. We continue to quote Western Winter Wheat flours at $6,25@6,50. Market almost bare of Spring Wheat flour, but there is little or no inquiry for it.

GRAIN—There is nothing new to be said in regard to wheat; notwithstanding the receipts continue light, prices are barely sustained, $1,25 for prime red, and $1,30 for prime white. Corn is in light supply, but the demand, also, is light, and the market is dull and prices unchanged; 90 to 95 for mixed, and $1 for prime yellow, 3 to 5 cents more in store. Rye is coming in freely, mainly from Chicago, and it is dull and nominally unchanged; may be quoted freely at $1@1,05. Oats quiet and unchanged—47@48 on track and wharf, and 50 in store. Brewers and maisters continue to clear; the barley market, and it begins to look as though prices would have to go lower. The yield both in this country and Canada is said to be unusually heavy, and after deducting one-fourth as having been damaged by the rains there will still be enough to be more than can be consumed between now and next spring. We quote at $1,20 to $1,25@1,30.

HAY—Sales at Allegheny Diamond market, of 50 loads at $15@21 per ton.

HUSKS—Nominal at $3@3½.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $2@2,25 per bbl.

LARD OIL—Extra No. 1, is quoted at $1,45@1,46 and No. 2, at $1,05@1,08.

NAILS—Sales at $2,50@3,00 per bbl, the outside figure for 50 lots.

POTATOES—Peach Blows 50 cts. per bushel. Prime Jersey Sweets are being sold at $4@4,50 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Shoulders, at 17@17½; Clear Ribbed Sides, 20¾; Ribbed Sides, 20; Clear Sides, 19¾; do. 1865, 120½; Ten-Forties, 108½; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 118; do. do. 1867, 118; do. do. 1868, 118 Due Compounds, —; Union Pacific Railroad, 86; Central do, do, 99; Cv. Pacific, 107¾; Lake Superior 96.

Hams quiet and unchanged—sales at 18½@19 for sugar cured Hams, 23½@24. Prime kettle rendered Lard, in tierces; in kegs 21. Mess Pork, $32,75@33.

POULTRY—Sales of chickens at 50 to 55 cents per pair, according to size.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed is dull and we now quote at $4,00@4,25. Flaxseed is quoted at $2,35@2,40. No movement in Clover Seed.

SALT—Is firmer, with sales of car load lots at $1,85 per bbl.

STRAW—Sold in Allegheny market at $12 per ton.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 22, 1869.

As the end of the month approaches the oil market appears to be getting more sensitive and excited, and while there, are, as there nearly always is, some "shorts" who feel a little uneasy, yet, from the best information we can obtain, a "corner" is not contemplated. It is claimed however, by parties, who claim to be fully posted, that such a movement was contemplated, some days since, and that it was only abandoned because it did not subsequently promise to be a success.

Compared with yesterday the feeling is considerably stronger, and prices for both crude and refined are higher, and even at the advance, there seemed to be fully as many buyers as sellers. As will be seen the shipment is unusually heavy, reaching over *six thousand barrels* in the aggregate, and as the advance in freight goes into effect on the first of November, it is reasonable to expect that heavy shipments will be kept up during the balance of the month.

A correspondent takes exception to our statement in yesterday's report in regard to the object of the recent "calls," as follows: "The object of the "call" was apparently to get a considerable quantity oil in warehouse on the 29th, and squeeze the "shorts" on the 30th. This was to a great extent frustrated by the parties who were holders of oil when called, calling on others, making the call general and thereby saving the actual oil in reserve to be used as the exigences of the day required."

CRUDE.

The market, compared with yesterday, is considerably stronger, and prices have still further advanced. Sale 1,000 bbls (40 to 45) seller all year, at 15; 1,000 buyer all year, (40 to 45) at 15¼, and two lots of 1,000 each, same delivery and option, at 15½. Spot or seller this month, 40 to 45 or 40 to 46 may be quoted at 15@15¼, and these particular gravities are reported scarce.

REFINED.

We can report three lines of 1,000 each November and December, at 33; and 1,000 cases at 36, on board cars here. Late in the afternoon October was reported at 33@33½bid, and seller to December, at 33@33½.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	90c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Hutchinson Oil Ref. Co. 160 bbls, on account Fisher Bro; National Ref. Co. 480, on account Fisher Bro; Kier's Oil Works 600, account Pool Bro; Brilliant Oil Works 640, on account Owston & Sowers; Jas Wilkins 240, on account Phila. & Boston Petroleum Co; Liberty Oil Works 160, on account G S Thomas; Fisher Bro. 960; Liberty Oil Works 160. Total..... 3,200 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED RAST BY A. V. R. R.

Livingston & Bo., 110 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Wormser, Myers & Co. 150 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Lockhart, Frew & Co., 1,130 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.
J. C. Kirkpatrick, 53 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Montzheimer, Koehler & Co. 500 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
McKelvy & Bro., 435 bbls ref. oil to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Citizens Oil Co., 657 bbls refined to Tack Bros., Philadelphia.
Fulton, M. & Co., 207 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Total shipments Refined..... 3,812

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Holdship & Co. 234 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Raiston & Waring 262 bbls ref. oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Union Refining Co. 338 bbls oil to to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Fairview Oil Works 454 bbls ref. oil to Charles Lemrig.
Owner 65 bbls refined oil to F. Reider, New York.
Total Refined..... 1,383

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT CONSOLIDATED DEPOT.

Fleming & Co. 576 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 532 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Brooks, Ratcliff & Co., 57 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Total..... 1,165 bbls.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 22, 1869.

The metal market continues firm, with a demand fully up to the supply, and prices are strong and fully sustained. The fact that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has reduced the freight on metal seventy-five cents per ton, will tend to increase the receipts from the east; for several years past the arrivals of eastern irons have been restricted considerably, owing to the fact that furnaces in eastern Pennsylvania could ship cheaper to eastern markets. Seventy-five cents per ton, will, it is stated, make a difference of seven dollars and a half per car, regard to bar iron and nails there is now or important characteristics of special notice. There is a steady demand, and, so far as learn, card rates are strictly adhered to.

ANTHRACITE.

10 tons	Extra	Superior
"	No. 1 Foundry do	$45.00 4 mos
10 "	Ex. Sup. No. 1 do	44.50 4 mos
20 "	do do do do	44.00 4 mos
10 "	do do do do	42.00 4 mos
50 "	do do do do	43.25 4 mos
200 "	No. 3 Medium Neutral	38.00 6 mos
100 "	No. 3 Good do	39.00 6 mos
30 "	No. 2 Neutral	41.00 4 mos
200 "	No. 3 Neutral Forge to arrive	38.50 5 mos
100 "	No. 3 Neutral	38.50 4 mos
50 "	No. 3 Neutral Forge	40.00 4 mos
100 "	No. 3 do do	40.00 4 mos
50 "	No. 3 do do	40.00 4 mos
50 "	No. 3 do do	40.00 4 mos
50 "	No. 3 do do	40.00 4 mos
17 "	No. 2 Foundry	43.00 4 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

225 "	White and Mottled a good brand from City Wharf	$36.00 6 mos
100 "	Open Gray Forge	38.00 5 mos
200 "	Clear White—to arrive	36.00 6 mos
50 "	Open Gray—from Yard	38.00 4 mos
100 "	Open Medium	37.50 4 mos
60 "	White and Mottled	36.50 4 mos
500 "	Open Gray Mixture With Native ore—from Wharf	38.00 5 mos
100 "	Common Mottled Forge from R. R. Yard	36.00 6 mos
500 "	Good Medium Forge to arrive	37.50 4 mos
100 "	Medium Forge to arrive	37.50 4 mos
500 "	Medium Gray Forge to arrive	37.50 4 mos
100 "	Medium Gray from Yard	37.50 4 mos
300 "	Good Gray Forge to arrive	37.50 4 mos
200 "	Good Gray Forge to arrive	37.50 4 mos
400 "	Good Gray Forge to arrive	37.50 4 mos
150 "	Clear White and Mottled	36.50 6 mos
450 "	Clear Gray at Furnace	33.00 50 ds
600 "	Inferior Forge for Rails	33.50 30 ds
200 "	Neutral Forge	37.00 4 mos

CHARCOAL.

15 tons	Missouri Mountain Cold Blast	$60.00 4 mos
50 "	do Warm Blast	50.00 4 mos
200 "	Irondale	50.00 30 ds
130 "	Pennsylvania Forge	45.00 4 mos
73 "	Hanging Rock Foundry	48.00 4 mos

BLOOMS.

20 "	Juniata	$95.00 4 mos
10 "	Superior	100.00 4 mos

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 22.—Cotton heavy and lower; sales 2,800 bales at 26¼c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts 16,082 bbls; flour heavy and 5c lower; sales 9,400 bbls at $5,55@5,80 for superfine State and western; $6@6,00 for extra State; $6 @6,20 for extra western; $6,00@7,00 for white wheat extra; $6,10@6,65 for R. H. O.; $6,25@6,50 for extra St. Louis; $6,75 @8,50 for good to choice do; closing heavy including 2,100 bbls for export at $5,75 for inferior extra; $6@6,30 for good to choice extra State. Rye flour quiet; sales 200 bbls at $4,80@6,25. Corn meal dull; sales 1,000 bbls Jersey at $3,80@3,90. Whisky heavy; sales 250 bbls western at $1,21@1,22 for free. Receipts wheat 30,000 bush; dull, heavy and 2@3c lower, with sales 61,000 bush at $1,12 for rejected spring, $1,18 for inferior winter red Illinois, $1,45 for amber Tennessee, $1,36 @1,44 for winter red, Columbus, Ohio, and $1,43 for white Ohio, $1,48 for white Tennessee, $1,50@1,60 for white Michigan, and $1,55@1,70 for good to choice white Genesee. Rye dull and declining, with sales 2,500 bush western at $1,07@1,07½. Barley dull and drooping. Barley Malt quiet and dull, with sales western at $1,55. Receipts Corn 11,546 bush. Corn heavy and 1c lower, with sales of 41,000 bushels, at 80@88c for unsound mixed western, 90@$1,01 for sound do, $1,02@1,06 for high mixed and western yellow, and $1,06@1,08 for white western. Receipts of oats 32,275 bush; oats more active and firmer, with sales of 70,000 bush at 60@64c for new southern and western, the latter an extreme. Rice dull. Carolina 8½@9c. Coffee fairly active. Sugar steady; sales of 682 hhds at 11@12c for Cuba, 12@12½ for Porto Rico. Molasses quiet; sales of 34 hhds Cuba at 48c. Hops are quiet at 15@20c for American. Petroleum dull at 18c for crude, 35½@35c for refined. Linseed oil dull, 98@$1 in casks. Turpentine firm, 48@48½c. Pork steady and quiet; sales of 400 bbls at $30,75@31 for mess, closing at $30,75 cash; $25,00@26,00 for prime, $27,75@28 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales of 300 bbls at $9@13 for new plain mess, $12@17,00 for new extra mess. Beef hams quiet; sales of 70 bbls at $18@20. Cut meats steady; sales 210 pkgs at 14½@ 15½c for shoulders; 17@18c for hams; also 100 bxs salted bellies at 16½c. Middles dull and nominally unchanged; may be quoted freely at $1@1,05. Oats quiet and unchanged—47@48 on track and wharf, and 50 in store. Brewers and maisters continue to clear; the barley market, and it begins to look as though prices would have to go lower. The yield both in this country and Canada is said to be unusually heavy, and after deducting one-fourth as having been damaged by the rains there will still be enough to be more than can be consumed between now and next spring. We quote at $1,20 to $1,25@1,30.

HAY—Sales at Allegheny Diamond market, of 50 loads at $15@21 per ton.

HUSKS—Nominal at $3@3½.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $2@2,25 per bbl.

LARD OIL—Extra No. 1, is quoted at $1,45@1,46 and No. 2, at $1,05@1,08.

NAILS—Sales at $2,50@3,00 per bbl, the outside figure for 50 lots.

POTATOES—Peach Blows 50 cts. per bushel. Prime Jersey Sweets are being sold at $4@4,50 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Shoulders, at 17@17½; Clear Ribbed Sides, 20¾; Ribbed Sides, 20; Clear Sides, 19¾; do. 1865, 120½; Ten-Forties, 108½; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 118; do. do. 1867, 118; do. do. 1868, 118 Due Compounds, —; Union Pacific Railroad, 86; Central do, do, 99; Cv. Pacific, 107¾; Lake Superior 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, October 22, 1869.

Money closed at 5 per cent. on Governments and 6@7 per cent. on stocks. There was an increased demand from stock brokers during the day. Prime discount dull at 16@12. Sterling a little weaker at 9¼@9¾. The bids for Government gold amounted to $6,397,000, the whole amount offered. One million was awarded to W. B Travens at 131 13-100.

Governments firmer and more active, closing firm. Coupons, '81, 119¾@20; do. '62, 21@21¼; do. 64, 19¾@19¾; do '65, 20@20¾; do. new, 17¾@18; do '67, 17¾@18; do. '68, 17¾@18. 10 40's, 108¾@108¾; currency 6s, 107¾@107¾.

State bonds dull. Missouris, 87; old Tennessees, 62; new do, 53¾; old Virginias, 50; new do, 52½; old North Carolinas, 47; new do, 38.

Stocks weak and generally dull and heavy, with a reaction from the best prices of the afternoon. The market has been irregular and unsettled throughout the day, with frequent fluctuations in leading shares. The tendency has been towards lower prices as a general thing, and the closing quotations show a decline in the entire list. A prominent feature in the market this afternoon was an advance in Pittsburgh from 97 to 102. Pacific Mail was quite active at times during the day, with 60¾@63¾ as the two extremes. Miscellaneous shares, except Pacific Mail, were dull and neglected, as also Express stocks.

Canton, 52¾; Cumberland, 27½; Western Union Telegraph, 36½; Quicksilver, 12¾; Mariposa, 8¼; do. preferred, 16¾; Pacific Mail, 60¾; Adams Express, 56½; Wells & Fargo, 20½; American, 36; United States, 56½; Merchants' Union, 9½; New York Central, 188½; Harlem, 143½; do. preferred, 144; Hudson, 172½; Reading, 96¾; Erie, 30¾; do. preferred, 84; Michigan Central, 122¾; Michigan Southern, 93½; Illinois Central, 135½; Pittsburgh, 100½; Northwestern, 71; do. preferred, 84; C. C. & C., 76½; Rock Island, 105½; St. Paul, 69¼; do. preferred, 82½; Wabash, 63½; do. preferred, 77; Fort Wayne, 85; Terre Haute, 30¼; do. preferred, 59½; Chicago and Alton, 141; do. preferred, 142; Ohio and Mississippi, 26½; St. Jo. 110¾; C. C. & I. C., 24½.

Mining shares dull.

Boston prices: Copper Falls, 6¾; Franklin, 11; Hecla, 80,

Sub-Treasury balance, $94,413,920.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 22.—At the recent decline there is a good business in printed calicos and other staple lines of domestic cottons and woolens, which are selling at comparatively low rates, but the general market is devoid of an animation, and in nine cases out of ten prices favor the seller in some way. Still, we have no important change to notice in cotton goods except in the Pemberton A ticks, which are reduced to 25c per yard.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption if taken according to directions. They are all to be taken at the same time. The Pulmonic Syrup is to be taken to ripen the matter and cause the patient to cough it up, and when it becomes good, the food digests and makes good blood, the patient begins to get fat in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient coughs up the diseased matter and gets well. This is the only true method of treating Consumption.

To the afflicted I would say, Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, has been professionally engaged in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, so that it can be coughed up easily. The Sea-weed Tonic, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a tight cough will throw it up, and the patient has got to the turning point of health.

Take the Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills to clean the stomach, liver and bowels, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

The Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, thus filling the gall and the liver becomes healthy, the stools will show what the Pills can do, nothing has ever been invented except by the Almighty himself which will so surely restore to use unless with great care, a tissi will bleed the gall bladder and start the secretions from the liver. Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, P. O. Box 1839, will see patients for consultation, which costs nothing, at his office every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, $1,50 per bottle, or $7,50 half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. myl1:dly-DAF

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, with success. Those suffering from self-abuse, producing nervousness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions on the face, pimples, etc., should call. Medicines permanently cured. Persons afflicted with diseases of a private nature, making confidential complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Medicines furnished in all cases. Those who have reason to believe that mercury has settled in the bones, causing pain, swelling and nodes on the shin bones and arms, or ulcers in the throat, mouth or body, should call immediately and procure the only antidote for this terrible disease. Persons at a distance can be cured at home by addressing Dr. Whittier. Those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence or self-abuse, which has brought on some of the following symptoms, as nervousness, debility, pimples on the face, aversion to society, self-distrust, love of solitude, timidity, dizziness, wakefulness, blotches on the face, pain in the back, seminal emissions, and many other symptoms which lead to consumption, insanity and premature old age, should apply immediately. Dr. Whittier is a graduate of one of the oldest colleges in the United States, and has had 20 years' experience in his profession. Dr. Whittier's extensive practice in the treatment of private diseases has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, prompt and certain. Medicines sent to any part of the country. Persons at a distance can be cured without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces offices, receiving and sleeping rooms, bathing and sleeping apartments for patients requiring medical baths, thus concentrating the finest mineral springs, no matter what may be called mineral water for sale. Book for men only, 50 cents. Book for ladies only, 50 cents. Both sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelopes. Call or address DR. WHITTIER, 617 Penn st., Pittsburgh, Pa. Consultation free, personally or by letter. Communications strictly confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for one stamp. apl

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. myl3:y92

☞ THE HEALING POOL—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and self-abuse, and a better MANHOOD, with certain means of self-cure. Sent by mail, in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box E, Philadelphia, Penna.

☞ JUST OUT

CHERRY PECTORAL TRO HES, For Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, and Bronchial Affections. For sale by all Druggists. Prepared by A. JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, Philadelphia.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,
Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.
Corner of Irwin, now offering in the trade at low figures,
Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars, New York Refining and Baltimore Refined Sugars.
Muscovado Strips, Loverings, Brunts, Smart's, Adams' and Long Dandelion.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Cuba, Java, Manilla, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Dairetta Rice.
Cards, Glass and Queensware, Coffee.
Tobaccos, Hand Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Curled Hair, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF
Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.
Rheinan, Moselle and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Schaenberg and Johannisberg, Hochheimer and Rudesheimer.
Heidsieck & Frosch Fine Olive Oil.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Mock & Chandon's Grand Vin Imperial.
Vercenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted. 19:dly

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
No. 271 Liberty Street,
(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
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W. C. ARMSTRONG,
Successor to Feiser & Armstrong,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 25 MARKET STREET.
my18

MEANOR & HARPER,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 329 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Consignments solicited. se7

PETER KEIL. ..... A. F. RICHART.
KEIL & RITCHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,
249 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
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M. STEELE. ..... J. A. STEELE.
M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:n39

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,
Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 124 and 126 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN L. HOUSE. ..... EDW. HOUSE. ..... WM. H. HOUSE.
JOHN L. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN L. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON. ..... A. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers, No. 6 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.
ja17:1y58

APPLE PARERS.—I have a full assortment of Apple Paring, Coring and Slicing Machines, which I invite all to call and see them tried. The PARING, CORING AND SLICING MACHINES, takes only three turns o the crank to pare, core, and slice an ordinary sized apple. It will pare without slicing or coring required.

Dried Apples sell much higher when sliced with this machine than when quartered by the old method.

Also, a full assortment of

Lightning & Turn Table Apple Parers.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by

JAMES BOWN,
No. 136 WOOD STREET.
au19

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S 174 and 174 Wood street.

FINANCIAL.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
Wood St., corner Second Avenue.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS
Gold, Coupons, Bonds and Stocks
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
A. BRADLEY, President.
W. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.
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N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS,
57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
Stocks, Bonds and other Securities
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.

H ART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Corner Third and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
GOVERNMENT BONDS.
Sight Drafts on London.
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FIFTH AVENUE BANK
Of Pittsburgh,
Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business.
Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.
Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.
DIRECTORS:
ED. DITHRIDGE, W. P. WEYMAN,
W. M. MOORE, JAMES M. SCHOONMAKER,
W. C. ROBERTSON, HENRY MEYER,
DAN. SINGER, C. P. C. ARMOR,
EMIL FOERSTER.
ED. DITHRIDGE, President.
F. F. SCHENCK, Cashier.

CITY BANK.
112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
CAPITAL $100,000.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE
Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.
DIRECTORS.
JAMES MCCABE, Vice President.
W. S. MCMASTER, Cashier.
D. Thomas, James McCabe,
Thomas Burke, Hugh Ross,
J. Dansey, Jr., Terence Campbell,
Patrick Kane, James Nolan,
Chas. B. Berry, H. A. Freygoglie,
Jno. Jos. Hermann, Thomas Barnes,
je14:y Jos. M. Gazzam, Solicitor.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY
Of Pittsburgh.
Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, January 24, 1867. For the safe-keeping of Bonds and other Securities, Gold and Silver, Silver Plate, Books, Records, Diamonds and Valuables of all descriptions, under guarantee, and for the renting of safes in its burglar-proof vaults. Building and Office,
No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PRESIDENT—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
VICE PRESIDENT—HENRY LLOYD.
DIRECTORS.
WM. PHILLIPS, JAMES L. GERNERTT,
HENRY LLOYD, BYRON R. PAINTER,
WILLIAM KEAY, JOHN HARPER,
WILLIAM M. LYON, GEORGE BLACK,
CURTIS G. HUSSEY.
SEC

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city for six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.*

The first snow of the season in 1868 fell on the 17th, and in 1869 on the 19th of October.

City Councils.—A regular meeting of City Council will be held on Monday afternoon.

Thanksgiving Day falls on the 18th day of November instead of the first, as is generally supposed.

The Roadway between the tracks of the Citizens Passenger Railway on Penn street is being repaired.

Few who have ever tried the American House, Boston, are tempted to leave that pattern hotel for any other.

One intoxicated individual found his way from the Allegheny Mayor's office, yesterday, to the county jail, and from thence to the work house.

Parepa Rosa in two great characters character of "Arline" in "Bohemian Girl" to-night, "Leonora" and "Arline."

Hon. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent of Common Schools, will lecture on "Education," at Kittanning, Tuesday evening, November 9th.

Run Over.—A little boy, name unknown, was run over by a butcher's wagon, on Ohio street, near Sandusky, yesterday morning. He escaped without serious injury.

Broke his Arm.—A young man named George Keant, while performing on a trapeze yesterday at the Gymnasium, fell off and broke his right arm. So much for exercise.

Committed.—Yesterday Justice Barker, of Monongahela borough, committed to jail Anna Goodrich for thirty days and Mary McBride for five days, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

Horse Stolen.—Yesterday morning, before daybreak, a horse was stolen from the stable of Mr. Thomas Braddock, Phillipsburg, opposite Rochester, Beaver county. It is supposed that the animal was brought to this city.

Nuisance.—Yesterday Alderman Morrow, on complaint of Assistant Health Officer Williams, arrested and fined Constantine Hankler twenty dollars and costs for maintaining a nuisance in the shape of a bone-boiling establishment opposite the Minersville car station.

Parepa Rosa as "Leonore" in "Trovatore" to-night.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, who have just concluded a highly successful engagement at the National Theatre, Boston, will open at the New Opera House on Monday night. This will be their farewell appearance for several years, as they propose visiting Europe this winter on a professional tour.

School Tickets.—Hereafter, "school tickets," on the Pennsylvania Railroad, will be issued only to persons presenting a certificate, from a teacher, of regular attendance at school and that the pupil is under sixteen years of age. Blank certificates can be obtained at the rail road office.

Malicious Boy.—James Rafferty must be a malicious boy. He is charged with throwing stones at some houses owned by Mr. David Hutchison, on Boyd's Hill, by which numerous windows were rendered unsightly and unserviceable. Alderman Thomas issued a warrant for his arrest yesterday.

An Alderman Abused. — Yesterday Robert Griffiths was brought before Alderman Taylor, charged with disorderly conduct, in applying vile and abusive epithets to Alderman Thomas in a public house and on the street, without provocation. The accused amicably settled the case by apologizing and paying the costs.

Serious Fall.—Yesterday morning Mrs. Sarah Ciarx, a lady aged seventy-two, fell down a flight of stairs at the residence of Mr. Williams, her son-in-law on Clark street, breaking her shoulder blade and injuring herself otherwise to such an extent that serious results are apprehended. She was taken to Mercy Hospital.

Gamblers About.—Yesterday Chief of Police Hague received notice that the Mayor of Oil City had given the gamblers, with which that place was infested, twenty-four hours to leave. They left on time, and it is surmised had selected Pittsburgh as a base for future operations. The Chief intends making the city unhealthy for them if they come.

Masonic.—The new Masonic Hall in Allegheny, will be completed by Monday, and to be formally dedicated on Tuesday at noon, by R. W. G. M. Richard Vaux. In the evening a grand banquet will be given at the Keystone Rink Great preparations have been made for the occasion, and it promises to be one of the most imposing affairs of the kind ever witnessed here.

Collided.—Yesterday morning a collision occurred at Wall's Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, between the Cincinnati express and Wall's accommodation. The four rear cars of the accommodation were badly wrecked and a brakeman slightly injured. No passengers were on board the wrecked cars. The accident was caused by the backing in on the main track of the accommodation train by a miscalculation, when the express passed by.

New Device.—A mischievous spirit, like murder, will always come out. Perhaps owing to this fact in connection with the energy of Alderman Morrow's police, Ludwig Richter was brought before that official yesterday charged with tearing the boards off the cellar steps in Joseph Wagner's house, on Stevenson street, and replacing them with the points of the nails up, so that when Mrs. Wagner endeavored to descend she was tripped up, fell on the nails and hurt herself badly. Richter gave bail for trial for malicious mischief, Joseph Wagner appearing as prosecutor.

Parepa Rosa in her great unrivalled to-night.

Who is He?

A letter was received by Chief of Police Hague yesterday, signed Lawrence Hutchings, Fifth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, in which the writer inquired of the whereabouts of R. F. Sperry, supposed to be in Pittsburgh, and desired to know if he had been robbed in Philadelphia in July last. If so, under what circumstances and the property lost Is is supposed that the letter is from a detective who has recovered some stolen property and is thus endeavoring to trace up the owner.

Crushed to Death.

Wednesday last George Shaffer, while engaged in company with two others in digging coal on the premises of Rev. Mr. Winters, of Zelienople, was fatally injured by the fall of a mass of earth and slate in the pit. The debris struck him on the head and crushed it in a horrible manner. He was taken into Mr. Winters' house, but expired in a short time before medical aid could be secured. Justice Randolph held an inquest upon the remains, when a verdict of accidental death was rendered. The deceased leaves a wife and four childr n.

Business Suits.

Mr. W. Hespenheide, fashionable merchant tailor, No. 50 Sixth street, late St. Clair, is now making up business suits, for gentlemen, of the most appropriate patterns and styles, and from material, which cannot be excelled in the market. These suits not only look well because of their perfect fit, but have the additional attraction of making the wearer feel easy and comfortable, while they are guaranteed to retain shape until worn out. For fall and winter wear, there are no suits manufactured anywhere more handsome, durable, or in every respect suitable. Gentlemen in need of any article in his line, would do well to patronize Mr. Hespenheide, as we feel certain they will be satisfied, both in the style and prices of his goods.

Caned.

Our genial friend, General A. L. Pearson, District Attorney, was yesterday caned by a number of legal gentlemen, who enticed him into the office of John R. Large, Esq., for the purpose. We don't mean that he was assaulted, but do mean that he was honored with a mark of esteem from his friends in the way of a magnificent and valuable gold headed cane. Mr. Large was the orator of the occasion, performing his part in a very happy manner. General Pearson enjoys the respect of the legal fraternity, as well as that of the entire community. The compliment was most worthily bestowed, and we trust the recipient may live long to carry the elegant stick placed in his possession.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court—Full Bench.

FRIDAY, October 22.—The Supreme Court met at ten o'clock A. M. Present a full bench. The following cases were called and disposed of:

Schmeriz et al. vs. Shreeve et al., Venango county. Argument concluded by Taylor for defendant in error.

Chicago Oil and Mining Co. vs. Barnes, Venango county. Argued by Sherman for plaintiff in error, and by Taylor contra.

Martin vs. Hurlburts, Venango county. Argued by Sherman for plaintiff in error, and by Taylor contra.

Same vs. same, Venango Co. Argued by Sherman for plaintiff in error, and by Wm. Blakely contra.

Clark's appeal, Crawford county, submitted by March and A. B. Richmond for appellant, and by Blakely contra.

Shamburg vs. Moorhead, Venango county. Argued by Kinnear for plaintiff in error, and by A. B. McCalmont contra.

Amity township vs. Reed, Erie county. Argued by Babcitt for plaintiff in error, and by Benson and Wallace contra.

Evans vs. Erie county. Quashed.

Cloths vs. Erie county. *Non pros.*

Jackson et al. vs. Litch, Jefferson county. Argued by Jenks for plaintiffs in error, and by Gordon contra.

Samuel C. T. Dodd, of Venango county, was, was on motion of Wm. P. Jenks, Esq., duly qualified and admitted to practice in this Court.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

FRIDAY, October 22.—In the case of the United States vs. E. Wormser, on motion of Mr. Rober s the forfeiture of recognizance was respited.

The case of the United States vs. Abel A. Bennett *et al.*, an action to recover the penalty on an oil bond, was taken up. The case was tried at the May term, but the jury failed to agree. It had not been concluded when court adjourned.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

FRIDAY, October 22.—The case of the owners of the canal boat "Ella" vs. owners of the steam tug "Storm No 2," previously reported, was resumed and occupied the attention of the Court the greater part of the day. The Court will deliver the charge at 10 o'clock Saturday morning.

The Judge gave notice that Court would meet promptly at 9:30 o'clock A. M., Saturday morning, to hear and dispose of motions, and at half past nine jury trials would be resumed.

The case of Parker and Paul vs. Marthe *et al., sci fa* on a mechanic's lein, was taken up and was on trial when Court adjourned.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

FRIDAY, October 22.—The case of Christian Yaney vs. Young & Fleishman, previously reported, was resumed and concluded. The jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $697,93.

The first case taken up was that of Coleman vs. Eyster, action to recover a penalty for peddling without license. Verdict for defendant.

Shaffer vs Rafter, appeal from a judgment before William B. Hunter, Esq., on an action to recover rent due and unpaid. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $28,30.

W. & T. Mawhiney vs. Moore & Pollock, *sci fa* on a Mechanic's lien, to recover the contract price of bricks used in the construction of a building owned by defendants on Smithfield street. On trial.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

FRIDAY, October 22.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. F. E. Goodsell, indicted for obtaining goods under false pretences, previously reported, was resumed, and occupied the time of the Court up to two o'clock. Jury out.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas Sullivan, indicted for felonious assault and battery, was next taken up. The defendant was accused of felontously cutting Patrick Duffy. The affray, it will be remembered, occurred on or about the thirty-first September last, in West Pittsburgh, and the wounded man was several times reported dead. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

312	Com. vs.	Charles F. Good,
325	"	Thomas Carcon.
314	"	Henry Sitzes.
345	"	John Wensworth,
333	"	Owen Kelly.
330	"	James Smith.
432	"	James Straler.
395	"	Charles and Mary Edwards.
342	"	Michael Cannair.
313	"	S. & A. Roedelheimer.
346	"	Jas. Henderson, 8 cases.
326	"	Patrick Murphy, et al.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

125	Com. vs.	Henry House.
118	"	John Ryland.
439	"	Wm. B. Wilson and Geo. M. Myers.
381	"	Jas. Hudspeth, 2 cases.
427	"	Joseph Shiverton.
441	"	Christian Wilhelm and A. Stine.
388	"	Edward Barrett, et al.
395	"	Charles Edwards.
384	"	Polk Bradley, 3 cases.
357	"	Geo. Penn.
358	"	D. Reardon.
351	"	Morgan Thomas.
209	"	John Hibbing.
195	"	R. W. Ramsay.

Interesting to Farmers—A New Patent Plow.

Joseph S. Godfrey, an ingenious farmer residing in Michigan, has, after a large expenditure of money and more than two years of time, succeeded in making several really important improvements in the plow; and a model of his plow, as the same is patented, has been sent to Mr. S. M. Loveridge, of this city, who will represent the patentee. The plow may be examined at his Life Insurance Agency, No. 42 Fifth avenue, up stairs. This plow combines some entirely new principles. The chief novelty, and perhaps also its chief merit, consists in a revolving self adjusting mould board. It is furnished with an adjustable coulter, which may be used or wholly detached, according to the nature of the soil; also a friction wheel, adjustable to any required depth. Some of the advantages claimed for this novel plow, are,

1st. It plows deeper and draws lighter than any other known plow.

2d. It turns under stubbles, weeds, or coarse manure, without choking.

3d. The common fault of other plows, in wet and clayey soils, is that the furrow is packed and glazed by the pressure of their *fixed* mouldboard. This is wholly avoided by the *revolving* mouldboard. This is an improvement which the farmer cannot fail to appreciate.

4th. It leaves stubble land in fine tilth, ready, without harrowing, for the seed.

We have examined this remarkable plow, and feel persuaded that it will be found to possess great practical advantages in lightness of draught by reason of diminished friction in the automatic revolving mould board, and in the tendency of the moving facts to pulverize and make friable any but the most stubborn and intractable soils. We are glad to know that Mr. Loveridge has determined to have this plow on exhibition (not, however, to interfere with contestants), at the plowing match to be had under the auspices of Wool Growers' Association on Thursday, 28th inst., on the farm of John Murray, eight miles out on the old Washington road, where the plow will probably be tried and where we advise both farmers and manufacturers to attend. Such important improvements of the plow as appears to us are justly claimed for the Godfrey plow, are of immense value to the farmer, and they should embrace the opportunity now presented to examine and test the model. Sent here for that purpose.

After the exhibition the plow may be seen by farmers and others at 42 Fifth avenue.

Cherry Alley Again.

The Mayor received a communication purporting to come from "Many Citizens" in the locality of Cherry and Virgin alleys, complaing of the deplorable state of the morals of many persons who inhabit and frequent houses in that famous reign, and suggesting that the Mayor order his police to make a raid, and arrest the aforesaid immoral persons. The letter was very properly consigned to the waste basket. If the evils complained of by "Many Citizens" exist to the extent alleged, there is a remedy prescribed by law. And if "Many Citizens" are too cowardly or mean to adopt it, they should not complain. If there is one piece of meanness more detestable than another, it is writing anonymous communications.

Popular.—The Keystone Ware manufactured at the Keystone Pottery, Messrs Kier & Co., proprietors, is among the most popular of the manufactured articles for which Pittsburgh is famous. Such a triumph could only have been achieved by an article of the highest merit. An idea of the character of the stock may be obtained at their warerooms 383 Liberty street.

Monongahela City Fair.—At the Monongahela City Agricultural Fair the American Buttonhole, Overseaming, and *Family Sewing Machine* was awarded the *Diploma*, the only premium awarded Sewing Machines at said Fair.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.—The grand ovation extended to Mrs. C. Richings Bernard, on the occasion of her benefit last evening, was not only an evidence of the high estimation in which the beneficiary is held, but to our mind it is another proof of the taste and cultivation of Pittsburgh society, in a musical point of view. To say that Caroline Richings Bernard is the peer of other artistes in English Opera is doing her injustice, when as an artiste, she has no rival. There are others, we freely admit, who are gifted with voices of perhaps greater compass and probably more power, but for high cultivation and sweetness of tone she is unrivalled, and is in truth the queen of the lyric stage. Gounod's grand opera of "Faust" was selected for the occasion, and we doubt if it has ever been presented to an American audience with a stronger and more powerful cast. Mrs. Richard Bernard, as "Margurite," was such a "Margurite" as the author himself might have dreamed of. Throughout the piece she displayed a degree of histrionic talent seldom seen in one possessing such musical powers which were displayed with such telling effect in the "Bijou song," and the song from the window, as to throw the audience into ecstacy. At the close of every scene in which she appeared she was compelled to reappear in front of the curtain. Mr. Haigh's "Faust" was a masterpiece in a musical point of view, as was also the "Mephistopheles" of Mr. Henry Worden, who, in addition to his musical attainments, is a most accomplished actor. We might in fact particularize each and every member in the *dramatis personæ*. The choruses were excellent throughout, much better in fact than we are usually favored with by traveling opera troupes. A grand matinee will be given this afternoon, when the "Bohemian Girl" will be presented. This evening "Crown Diamonds" will constitute the entertainment.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Last evening, at Parepa's benefit, the Academy was filled with the largest and most brilliant assemblage that has ever graced the auditorium of that elegant establishment. Where a well-filled house is hereby notified "Marialama," with Parepa in the leading role, was given in a manner never before surpassed in this city. The leading character, "Don Caesar De Bazan," was admirably sustained by Mr. William Castle, while Mr. Lawrence as "Charles II." Mr. Singleton as "Don Jose," each did well. On the whole the opera was delightfully rendered, and the audience evinced their approbation by frequent and hearty applause.

A grand matinee will be given this afternoon, at which will be presented "La Somnambula." The cast includes the accomplished prima donna, Miss Rose Hersee, the popular tenor, Mr. Castle, Mr. Lawrence and other talented members of the great troupe.

To-night the company will give its farewell performance. This bill sets forth a grand operatic melange, introducing the entire double company, in the following gems of three different operas, viz: the first act of "Trovatore," and the second acts of "Fra Diavola" and the "Bohemian Girl."

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The entertainments at the Pittsburgh Theatre have been unusually interesting during the present week. The Romelli family are creating quite a sensation and are doubtless the most accomplished gymnasts now travelling. A grand matinee will be given this afternoon, at which the Romelli troupe and the talented dramatic company of stars will appear in an interesting variety entertainment.

SELECT READING.—Tuesday evening next Prof. Rufus Adams, of Philadelphia, a finished and popular elocutionist, will give a select elocutionary entertainment at the Academy of Music. His reportoire embraces selections in prose and poetry from a number of leading authors, and is very well calculated to test fully his capacities. In other cities Mr. Adams has achieved marked success, and judging from his reputation his entertainment here will be both pleasing and instructive. Tickets may be obtained at the music stores and at the door.

SIGNOR BLITZ.—Our sanctum was honored yesterday with a visit from the old magician and ventriloquist, the original Signor Blitz, who, perhaps, has entertained more people, old and young, during his life than any other man. Although his head is whitened with age still he is as merry, playful and as joyous a boy of ten summers. He will open at Masonic Hall next Monday night with his wonderful tricks, trained birds and dark seances.

Washington County Fair

First premium awarded to the American Button Hole Overseaming and Family Sewing Machine. The superior merits of this machine are being rapidly appreciated and acknowledged by the public. At the recent exhibition of the Washington County Agricultural Society, at which there was active competition, the *first and only premium* was awarded to the above named machine. The annexed official notification shows that this is no idle assertion.

WASHINGTON, Pa., September 27, 1869.—This is to certify that at the annual exhibition of the Washington County Fair, held on the 22d and 23d of September, 1869, the first and only Diploma on Sewing Machines was awarded to the American Family Sewing Mrchine.

DAVID AIKEN, Secretary.

The above should of itself be sufficient to satisfy the public but that in order all may know the opinion of practical operators, the agent publishes the following from the leading tailors of Washington borough:

This is to certify that we have used several different sewing machines in our business, and are fully convinced that the American Machine is the very best in use.

Samuel Shaler, Merchant Tailor.
David Orr, Tailor.
B. Beeckers, Merchant Tailor.
David G. Smith, Tailor.
Charles Post, Tailor.
Wm. Potter, cutter for W. Smith and Son.

This machine will work beautiful button holes eyelet holes embroider over the edge, do "overseaming" as by hand; also, all kinds of stitching, hemming, corading, felling, braiding, binding, ruffling, tucking, sewing and gathering on

James Espy, corner of Fifth avenue and Market street is the agent.

Relief to Every Household.

The Washing Machine, like the Sewing Machine, is fast becoming one of the necessary wants of every household. The great prejudice which extended to the Sewing Machines for many years, has shown itself toward the Washing Machine, even to a greater degree, though a large sale of those which have either proved utterly worthless or but of little benefit in washing; but it is fast passing away by the introduction of the Dexter Washing Machine. It is a great improvement on the defective and unsatisfactory productions exhibited in all former machines. We invite the most critical examination of its construction and operation either at your own house or at the place where sold. R. H. Long, agent, No. 12 Federal street, Allegheny City.

Go to the Continental, next door below the Post Office, for a dish of oysters.

Not Coming.—Father Hyacinthe, in all probability, will not come to Pittsburgh this year, but not withstanding that fact Liebler will continue to manufacture at his mammoth establishment that class of trunks, carpet sacks, valises, and other articles for travelers, which have heretofore gained for his house such a wide spread popularity. An immense and varied assortment is now on hand at the warerooms, 104 Wood street.

Remember the Continental, Fifth avenue, below the Post Office, when you are hungry.

A Good Article.—A really good cigar to a smoker is a delicious luxury, just as a bad one is an inexpressible misery. Smokers appreciate this fact and are always anxious to get a good article, which accounts for the immense wholesale and retail trade enjoyed by Megraw, No. 45 Hand street. He never keeps on hand anything but what he can recommend, and for that reason deserves all the patronage he gets.

Everybody should patronize the Continental, below the Post Office, Fifth avenue.

Variety.—Lace goods, fancy dress goods, plain and fancy trimmings, and everything in that line, will be found in endless variety at W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street. The stock is always fresh, and everything purchased at this establishment may be relied upon either for quality, price or style. Ladies cannot do better, in making their purcases, than to stop at 81 Market street.

There is hardly anything you can ask for in the line of eatables which cannot be obtained at the Continental, Fifth avenue.

Burns' Restaurant.—For a good square meal, neatly prepared and properly set up, go to Burns' Restaurant, corner of Smithfield street and Sixth avenue. There is no place in the city where the wants of a hungry man can be more satisfactorily supplied. A specialty is made of oysters, which are received fresh every day, and served in the best style of the culinary art.

Business men can save money by saving time, by dropping into the Continental for lunch or dinner, as they go to the Postoffice.

ANOTHER HOMICIDE.

Fatal Result of the Hoffman-Laughran Stabbing Affray—The Hoffmans Arrested—Coroner's Inquest.

The stabbing affray which occurred on the seventh inst., at 145 Penn street, in which Thomas Laughran was wounded, as was alleged, by Stephen and Nicholas Hoffman, has at length proved fatal, adding one more to the long list of homicides which have occurred in this county within a few months past. The particulars of the affray having been previously published in the *Gazette*, it is unnecessary to go into the details again. At the time mentioned above the Hoffmans opened a saloon, and that being the opening night there was a large crowd of persons present. During the evening a fight ensued, when the lights were turned off and the fight continued in the dark, during which time Laughran, in addition to being severely beaten, received a wound in the side with a knife, which, as stated, caused his death at seven o'clock yesterday morning. On learning of his death, Chief Hague made information before the Mayor charging Hoffmans with the murder, and they were arrested and committed to jail. Coroner Clawson empanneled a jury, and after swearing them adjourned to meet at 3 o'clock P. M., Monday next, at which time the deceased will make a *post mortem* examination of the body.

Petroleum Items.

The Titusville *Herald* of the 21st has has the following:

The new well on the Shaw farm, Lower Cherry Run, is now yielding five barrels daily.

About the 30th of last month a new well was struck on the Curtain Oil Company's tract, Lower Cherry Run. At first it produced only three or four barrels per day, but the product has since steadily increased and now is twelve barrels daily.

A new well was struck a few days ago on the Chicago tract, Upper Cherry Run, immediately east of the Pittsburgh and Cherry Run Oil Company's tract. The production is now about seventy five barrels per day.

The new well on the H. McClintock farm is now yielding forty to fifty barrels daily—an increase of ten to twenty barrels.

Last week a new twenty barrel well was struck on the Hydekooper farm, Hollingshead, near Titusville. At present the product is black but the quality is said the other wells on the farm, but there are indications that this well will produce some green oil. Day before yesterday there was struck a new eighty barrel green oil well on the C. Clark farm, Upper Cherry Run.

A pipe line was recently laid between the producing district on West Hickory creek and White Oak station, on the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway, a distance of about four miles. The yield on Upper West Hickory is about 225 barrels daily. This is a very fair yield, considering the number of wells that have been completed and the newness of the territory. Several wells on the creek will be tested within the next two weeks.

Extract from a Letter from Santa Croix.

* * * * We had wandered for many hours through tangled forests of Tropical shrubs and trees, some of them emitting a most delicious and invigorating odor, when we suddenly came upon a large and well cultivated plantation, in the centre of which were several buildings. Entering these we found them to be the "press houses," stills, &c., where the sugar cane is crushed for the manufacture of St. Croix Rum. Over 100 Coolies were at work, and the smell from the fermenting vats was very exhilarating and pleasant. We were shown through the entire establishment, and learned that all of the Rum produced there was shipped to Messrs. P. H. Drake & Co., New York, to be made into their celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS. The peculiar good effects of this Rum—which is the purest and best in the world—are well known. Not a single case of Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Consumption, or any such disease can be found on this island, (except of invalids comeshere for their health, and they are almost always cured). Combined with Calisaya Bark, Cascarilla, and other important ingredients, this Rum becomes the PLANTATION BITTERS: and surely no finer Tonic and general Family Remedy was ever seen. The combination of these bitters was first discovered here many years ago, and all the Natives swear by PLANTATION BITTERS, and say "there is nothing like it." Judging by the robust health of the witnesses, I am certain their testimony is true. R. S. T.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

In Trouble.

The night soiling fraternity are again in a state of excitement. Legal proceedings have been entered against a number of them who persist in conducting the fragrant trade as their fathers did notwithstanding the fact that the City Fathers some time ago in an ordinance expressly voided the ancient method, a relic of the past, not in keeping with the march of improvement in the nineteenth century. They have refused to regulate authority and hence been have plunged into trouble, themselves it appears according to this Alderman Morrow was engaged yesterday in hearing their complaints and endeavoring to elucidate the law, to their excited intelligences with, however, but indifferent success.

There are few departments of medicine which have so frequently engaged the attention of Pharmacians and Physicians as the production of a medicine possessing the potency and efficiency which has been so happily consummated in the CONSTITUTION BITTERS. The general want of success in the production of such a remedy and the treatment of diseases of the Liver and stomach, has not been because of a deficiency of pathological knowledge of the functions, but of a suitable compound that would act upon the disease and all the sympathetic affections. These desiderata have been gained in the Constitution Bitters, and they can be used by persons with the most delicate stomach with perfect safety, as they do not debilitate the patient, but give strength, and increase the nervous energy.

All the delicacies of the season at the Continental, Fifth avenue. Dropin.

The best and Original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya, known as Caswell, Mack & Co's Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The Iron through a large sale of those which have either proved utterly worthless or but of little benefit in washing; but it is fast passing away by the introduction of the Dexter Washing Machine. It is a great improvement on the defective and unsatisfactory productions exhibited in all former machines. We invite the most critical examination of its construction and operation either at your own house or at the place where sold. R. H. Long, agent, No. 12 Federal street, Allegheny City.

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Mortuary Report.

The following is a list of deaths in this city for the week commencing October 1st and ending October 16th, 1869, as reported by W. Snively, Physician of the Board of Health:

Unknown, 1; accident, 2; old age, 1; paralysis, 1, lotemx; laryngitis, 1; hydrocephalus, 1; hydropericardium, 1; diptheria, 1; rupture of bladder, 1; scarlet fever, 1; delirium tremens, 1, convulsions, 1; hemerrhage of the lungs, 1; tuberculosis, 2; pneumonia, 3; dysentery, 2; cholera infantum, 1; still born, 1. Total, 24.

Of the above there were under 1 year, 3; from 1 to 2, 6; 3 to 5, 2; 15 to 20, 2; 20 to 30, 1; 30 to 40, 2; 40 to 50, 4; 50 to 60, 2; 70 to 80, 1; 80 to 90, 1.

Males, 14; females, 10. White 24; colored, 0.

New Books just received at John W. Pittock's, bookseller and stationer, opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

Origin and Development of Religious Belief. By S. Baring Gould. $5 00.

History of European Morals from Augustus to Charlemagne. 2 vols. $6.

Railway Economy from the French of Le Chatelier. $1 25.

Upham's Mental Philosophy. New Edition, Revised. 2 vols. $3 50.

Caliphs and Sultans, being Tales Usually Omitted from Arabian Nights. $2 50.

Lake Shore Scenes, 4 new Juveniles. By Oliver Optic. $5.

Arms and Armor for the Antiquity and the Middle Ages.

Common-place Books. A series of six books, handsomely bound and suitable for Presents. $6.

Henry Crabb Robinson's Diary. 2 vols. $4.

British Rural Sports. By Stonehenge. $7 50.

Smollett's and Fielding's Works, uniform in 6 vols. $8.

Warne's Model Cookery and Housekeeping Book. $1 50.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.—Whereas I letrs testamentary have been granted to me and requests all persons indebted to the estate of P. DUFF, deceased, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate are hereby notified to make the same without delay, and persons indebted will make payment to

ELIZA DUFF, Executrix,
or to WM. H. DUFF,
oc23:q12 No. 37 Fifth Avenue.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified not to maintain or supply ELIZABETH HULTZ on account of my husband, Zedick Hultz, said Elizabeth Hultz having, without cause, left his bed and board, and her husband will not be responsible for any debts incurred by her.

ZEDICK HULTZ.
October 22, 1869.

DRESS GOODS
FROM 37½c. UP.
BATES & BELL.

WOOLEN INFANTEES,
WOOLEN MITTENS,
WOOLEN GLOVES, WOOLEN MITTS,
WOOLEN WAISTCOATS, WOOLEN SHIRTS,
WOOLEN HOODS, WOOLEN CAPS,
WOOLEN BACQUES, WOOLEN SACQUES,
WOOLEN SKIRTS, WOOLEN DRAWERS,
WOOLEN SOCKS, WOOLEN SOCKS,
WOOLEN NIGHT CAPS,
WOOLEN CLOAKS, FANCY ARABS,
FANCY ARABS, LINED KID GLOVES,
LINED KID GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES,
BUCK MITTENS.
AT
JAMES PHELAN'S
Old Stand Stocking Store,
NO 24 FIFTH AVENUE.

COUNTRY BLANKETS,
AND
Flannels.
BATES & BELE,

BUY YOUR
Watches and Jewelry
AT
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S
101 FIFTH AVENUE.
We are constantly receiving new and elegant styles of Fine Goods, and sell them at a small profit. Call and see us.
WATTLES & SHEAFER.
oc24

CASSIMERES,
CLOAKING CLOTHS
WATERPROOFS,
BATES & BELL.

SHAWLS
AND
ARABS.
NEW GOODS.
BATES & BELL.

GLASS
FRUIT JARS.
The old and reliable
A. & D. H. CHAMBERS'
UNION FRUIT JAR,
With tin cover and wire fastening. Cheapest and best in the market.
OFF SETT GLASS JARS,
With cork, in stock and for sale by
A. & D. H. CHAMBERS,
117 WATER STREET.
oc6:td45
R. M. M'COWAN.....R. M'KOWN.
R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,
Boulevard Pavers,
Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.
Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.
Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Iast Yards, Drives, &c.
Warranted against changes of heat and cold.
REFERENCES—Max. Mo.rhead, Lyon & Shorb, Berry & Co., Wm. Holland, Holland & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. 1y18:m23

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF ALL
kinds of fresh lake fish just received daily at Benj. Pierce's popular fish stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City Stand, Allegheny City, corner of Federal and Ohio streets. Our long experience in the business enables us to always have on hand a first class article, such as White Fish, Salmon, Herr ng, Black Bass and White Perch all at very low prices. Give us a call, we will insure a fine article. Wholesale or retail. All orders filled promptly.

VALUABLE LAWRENCEVILLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—167 feet front on Forty-Fourth street by 124 feet deep on an alley, well built Family Mansion of twelve rooms, bath, nine rooms, wash room and cellar, three gardens, variety of choice fruits and grape vines. The location is pleasant and healthy. Will be sold at fair price and on reasonable terms. Apply to
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